## **Black Marble User Guide (Version 1.3)**

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## Acronyms

AERONET	Aerosol Robotic Network
AOD	Aerosol Optical Depth
BRDF	Bidirectional Reflectance Distribution Function
BRF	Bidirectional Reflectance Factor
DMSP	Defense Meteorological Satellite Program
DNB	Day/Night Band
EOS	Earth Observing System
GEO	Group on Earth Observations
GIS	Geographic Information System
HAM	Half-angle Mirror
HDF-EOS	Hierarchical Data Format - Earth Observing System
IR	Infrared
L1B	Level-1 B
L2G	Level-2 Gridded
LAI	Leaf Area Index
LANCE	The Land, Atmosphere Near real-time Capability for EOS
LZA	Lunar Zenith Angle
JPSS	Joint Polar Satellite System
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NBAR	National Aeronautics and Space Administration  Nadir BRDF-Adjusted Reflectance
NCEP	National Centers for Environmental Prediction
NDVI	
NDSI	Normalized Difference Vegetation Index Normalized Difference Snow Index
	Normanized Difference Show findex  Near-infrared
NIR NRT	Near Real-Time
NTL	Near Real-Time Nighttime Lights
nW	Nanowatt (One billionth (10 <sup>-9</sup> ) of a watt)
Pgap PGE	Gap Fraction Probability Product Generation Executable
PRWGLP	
	Puerto Rico's Working Group on Light Pollution
QA	Quality Assurance
QF	Quality Flag
RTA	Rotating Telescope Assembly
SDS	Scientific Data Set
SIPS	Science Investigator-led Processing System
S-NPP	Suomi National Polar-orbiting Platform
TOA	Top of Atmosphere
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time
VCM	VIIRS Cloud Mask
VCST	VIIRS Calibration Support Team
VIIRS	Visible Infrared Imaging Radiometer Suite
VNP09	VIIRS Surface Reflectance product
VNP46	NASA's Black Marble nighttime lights product suite
VNP46A1	Suomi-NPP Daily at-sensor TOA nighttime lights product
VNP46A2	Suomi-NPP Daily moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product
VNP46A3	Suomi-NPP Monthly moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product
VNP46A4	Suomi-NPP Yearly moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product

VJ146A1	NOAA-20/JPSS-1 Daily at-sensor TOA nighttime lights product
VJ146A2	NOAA-20/JPSS-1 Daily moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product
VJ146A3	NOAA-20/JPSS-1 Monthly moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product
VJ146A4	NOAA-20/JPSS-1 Yearly moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product

#### 1 Introduction

The Day/Night Band (DNB) sensor of the Visible Infrared Imaging Radiometer Suite (VIIRS), on-board the Suomi-National Polar-orbiting Partnership (S-NPP) and Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS) satellite platforms, provides global daily measurements of nocturnal visible and near-infrared (NIR) light that are suitable for Earth system science and applications studies. The VIIRS DNB's ultra-sensitivity in lowlight conditions allows for the generation of new science-quality nighttime products as a result of significant improvements to sensor resolution and calibration compared to those provided previously by the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program's (DMSP) generation of nighttime lights imagery. These improvements allow us to better monitor both the magnitude and signature of nighttime phenomena and anthropogenic sources of light emissions.

Since the launch of the S-NPP satellite in 2011, multiple studies have used the VIIRS DNB as the primary data source in a wide range of study topics. They include: (1) feature extraction techniques to detect severe weather impacts to urban infrastructure (Cao et al., 2013; Cole et al., 2017; Mann et al., 2016; Molthan and Jedlovec, 2013); (2) detection of sub-pixel scale features, e.g., fires (Polivka et al., 2016), shipping vessels (Asanuma et al., 2016; Elvidge et al., 2015; Straka et al., 2015), lightning flashes (Bankert et al., 2011), surface oil slicks (Hu et al., 2015), and gas flares (Elvidge et al., 2015; Liu et al., 2017, Liu et al., 2017); and (3) techniques for monitoring nighttime atmospheric optical properties, including clouds (Minnis et al., 2016; Walther et al., 2013), aerosols (Johnson et al., 2013; McHardy et al., 2015), particulate matter (Wang et al., 2016), and gravity waves in the upper atmosphere via nightglow (Miller et al., 2015).

As with early research that utilized the DMSP 's Operational Line Scanner (OLS) (Huang et al., 2014), recent studies using the VIIRS DNB have employed statistical analyses and correlation discovery methods to confirm established empirical relationships with a wide range of human-linked patterns and processes. They include socioeconomic variables (Chen and Nordhaus, 2015; Chen et al., 2015; Levin and Zhang, 2017; Li et al., 2013; Ma et al., 2014; Shi et al., 2014; Yu et al., 2015), as well as changes driven by urban expansion (Guo et al., 2015; Sharma et al., 2016; Shi et al., 2014), energy use (Coscieme et al., 2014; Román and Stokes, 2015), and carbon emissions (Oda et al., 2017; Ou et al., 2015).

To realize the full potential of the VIIRS DNB time series record, NASA has developed a new suite of standard products that represent the current state-of-the-art in nighttime lights (NTL) applications, NASA's Black Marble product suite (VNP46/VJ146). NASA's Black Marble nighttime lights product, at 15 arc-second spatial resolution, is available from January 2012-present with data from the VIIRS DNB

sensor. The VNP46/VJ146 product suite is being processed on a daily basis within 3-5 hours of acquisition, which enables both near-real-time uses and long-term monitoring applications. The VNP46/VJ146 product suite includes the daily at-sensor top of atmosphere (TOA) nighttime lights (NTL) product (VNP46A1/VJ146A1), daily moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product (VNP46A2/VJ146A2), monthly moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product (VNP46A3/VJ146A3), and yearly moonlight-adjusted nighttime lights product (VNP46A4/VJ146A4). The retrieval algorithm, developed and implemented for routine global processing at NASA's Land Science Investigator-led Processing System (SIPS), utilizes all high-quality, cloud-free, atmospheric-, terrain-, vegetation-, snow-, lunar-, and stray light-corrected radiance to estimate daily nighttime lights and other intrinsic surface optical properties. The VIIRS Black Marble product has been used for global mapping of human activity patterns, such as tracking shipping and fishing vessels, gas flares, in addition to their application to humanitarian efforts, such as assessment of conflict-associated demographic changes and mapping impoverishment.

This user guide provides an overview of NASA's new VIIRS Level 3 Black Marble nighttime lights product suite (VNP46) to users. This document describes the theoretical basis for the algorithms, the operational processing, evaluation and validation of the product, and how to access the product. Additional details are available in related publications in section 10.

## 2 Algorithm

## 2.1 Overview of the Algorithm

NASA's operational Black Marble product suite ingests multiple-source input datasets and ancillary data to output the highest quality pixel-based estimates of NTL. These NTL estimates are accompanied by pixel-level quality flags. The principal features of the algorithm are summarized in the following sections. More details of the algorithm are available in related publications in section 10.

NASA's Black Marble algorithm produces cloud-free images that have been corrected for atmospheric, terrain, lunar BRDF, thermal, and straylight effects. The corrected nighttime radiance, resulting in a superior retrieval of nighttime lights at short time scales and a reduction in background noise, enables quantitative detection and analyses of daily, seasonal and annual variations. Key algorithm enhancements include: (1) lunar irradiance modeling to resolve non-linear changes in phase and libration; (2) vector radiative transfer and lunar bidirectional surface anisotropic reflectance modeling to correct for atmospheric and bidirectional reflectance distribution function (BRDF) effects; (3) geometric-optical and canopy radiative transfer modeling to account for seasonal variations in NTL; and (4) temporal gap-filling to reduce persistent data gaps.

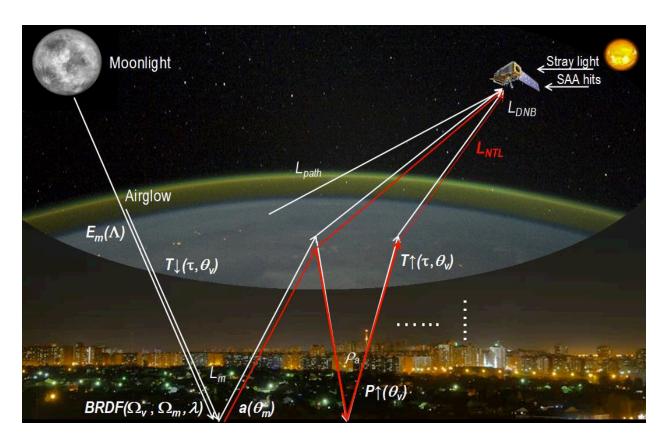
#### 2.2 Atmospheric Correction

NASA's Black Marble retrieval strategy combines daytime VIIRS DNB surface reflectance, BRDF, surface albedo, nadir BRDF-adjusted reflectance (NBAR), and lunar irradiance values to minimize the biases caused by extraneous artifacts in the VIIRS NTL time series record.

Using this novel "turning off the Moon" approach, illustrated in Figure 1, the upward surface radiance from artificial light emissions,  $L_{NTL}$  [units of nWatts·cm<sup>-2</sup>·sr<sup>-1</sup>], can be extracted from at-sensor nighttime radiance at TOA,  $L_{DNB}$ , using the following equation:

$$L_{\text{NTL}} = \left[ \left( \frac{L_{DNB} - L_{path}}{T_{\uparrow}(\tau\theta_{v})} \right) (1 - a(\theta_{m})\rho_{a}) - L_{m}T_{\downarrow}(\tau\theta_{v}) \right] / P_{\uparrow}(\theta_{v})$$
 (1)

where  $L_{path}$  is the nighttime path radiance (i.e., the radiance generated by scattering within the atmosphere), and  $a(\theta_m)$  is the VIIRS-derived actual (or blue-sky) surface albedo; incorporating the directional influence of sky radiance and multiple scattering effects between the ground and the atmosphere (Román et al., 2010). For the latter, a snow albedo retrieval scheme is used if the VIIRS current day snow status flag is activated (Klein and Stroeve, 2002; Liu et al., 2017, Liu et al., 2017; Moustafa et al., 2017; Wang et al., 2012).  $P_1(\theta_v)$  is the probability of the upward transmission of NTL emissions through the urban vegetation canopy, defined in Equation 4. The atmospheric backscatter is given by  $\rho_a$ , and  $T_{\downarrow}(\tau,\theta_{\nu})$  and  $T_{\uparrow}(\tau,\theta_{\nu})$  are the total transmittance (including direct and diffuse radiation) along the lunar-ground and ground-sensor paths, respectively. The latter two are a function of viewillumination geometry and the total atmospheric column optical depth  $(\tau)$  due to mixed gases, water vapor, and aerosol particles. The retrieval uses a modified algorithm based on the VIIRS Surface Reflectance product (VNP09) to estimate the values of  $L_{path}$ ,  $\rho_a$ ,  $T_{\downarrow}(\tau,\theta_{\nu})$ , and  $T_{\uparrow}(\tau,\theta_{\nu})$  for a given set of surface and atmospheric conditions (Roger et al., 2016; Skakun et al., 2018). Additional input datasets include the standard VIIRS Cloud Mask (VCM) (Kopp et al., 2014), atmospheric profiles obtained from the National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP) model (i.e., water vapor, ozone, and surface pressure) (Moorthi et al., 2001), and the VIIRS aerosol model combined with daytime-to-daytime averaged aerosol optical depth (AOD) at 0.550 µm to extrapolate the nighttime AOD.



**Figure 1** Overview of NASA's Black Marble retrieval strategy (cf., Equation 1). During the ~50% portion of the lunar cycle when moonlight is present at the time of satellite observation, the surface upward radiance from artificial light emissions,  $L_{NTL}$  [units of nWatts·cm<sup>-2</sup>·sr<sup>-1</sup>], can be extracted from at-sensor nighttime radiance at TOA ( $L_{DNB}$ ).  $L_{path}$  is the nighttime path radiance,  $a(\theta_m)$  is the VIIRS-derived actual surface albedo. The atmospheric backscatter is given by  $\rho_a$ .  $T_{\downarrow}(\tau,\theta_v)$  and  $T_{\uparrow}(\tau,\theta_v)$  are the total transmittances along the lunar-ground and ground-sensor paths (respectively).  $P_{\uparrow}(\theta_v)$  is the probability of the upward transmission of NTL emissions through the urban vegetation canopy.

#### 2.3 BRDF Correction

The Black Marble algorithm estimates the actual moonlight, aerosol, and surface albedo contribution through analytical BRDF model inversion. This model has proven effective in removing biases introduced by extraneous sources of nighttime light emissions.

The surface BRDF, or reflectance anisotropy is governed by the angle and intensity of illumination — whether that illumination is solar or lunar or from airglow — and by the structural complexity of the surface, resulting in variations in brightly illuminated regions and highly shadowed areas. The semi-empirical RossThick-LiSparse Reciprocal (RTLSR, or Ross-Li) BRDF model (Román et al., 2010; Roujean et al., 1992; Schaaf et al., 2002, Schaaf et al., 2011; Strahler et al., 1999) is advantageous in this regard since (1) it is the most likely kernel-driven combination to capture the wide range of conditions affecting the VIIRS DNB on a global basis; (2) it allows robust analytical model inversion

with a pixel-specific estimate of the uncertainty in the model parameters and linear combinations thereof (Lucht and Roujean, 2000); and (3) the scheme is flexible enough to allow us to easily adapt other kernels should any become available, and demonstrate its superiority for a particular scenario.

For VIIRS DNB acquisitions over snow-free and snow-covered surfaces, we define the spectral radiance contribution from moonlight,  $L_m$ ,

$$L_{m}(\Omega_{v}, \Omega_{m}, \Lambda) = \frac{E_{m}(\Lambda)}{\pi} BRF(\Omega_{v}, \Omega_{m}, \Lambda) \cos(\theta_{m})$$
 (2)

in terms of the Ross-Li model:

$$BRDF(\Omega_{v}, \Omega_{m}, \Lambda) \approx \frac{BRF(\Omega_{v}, \Omega_{m}, \Lambda)}{\pi} = f_{iso}(\Lambda) + f_{vol}(\Lambda)K_{vol}(\Omega_{v}, \Omega_{m}) + f_{geo}(\Lambda)K_{geo}(\Omega_{v}, \Omega_{m})$$
(3)

Here, we define the wavelength for the narrowband instrument of interest as the weighted center,  $\Lambda$ , of the VIIRS DNB spectral band [0.5–0.9 µm]. Parameter  $f_{iso}(\Lambda)$  is the isotropic scattering component and equal to the bidirectional reflectance for a pixel viewing zenith angle  $\theta_v = 0$  and a lunar zenith angle  $\theta_m = 0$ . Parameter  $f_{geo}(\Lambda)$  is the coefficient of the LiSparse-reciprocal geometric scattering kernel  $K_{geo}$ , derived for a sparse ensemble of surface casting shadows on a Lambertian background (Li and Strahler, 1992). Parameter  $f_{vol}(\Lambda)$  is the coefficient for the RossThick volume scattering kernel  $K_{vol}$ , so-called for its assumption of a dense leaf canopy (Ross, 2012).

To achieve a high-quality BRDF retrieval, NASA's Black Marble algorithm collects all available daytime, atmospherically-corrected, VIIRS DNB bidirectional reflectance factor (BRF) over a multi-date period (normally 16-days) to establish the analytical solution for the Ross-Li BRDF model parameter values,  $f_k(\Lambda)$ . Note that during moon-free nights, when atmospheric airglow is the dominant emission source, the VNP46 algorithm sets the illumination geometry to near-nadir ( $\theta_m = 10^\circ$ ) and the lunar irradiance to  $E_m(\Lambda) = 0.26 \text{ nW} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$  (Liao et al., 2013). This enables a BRDF correction even in the absence of moonlight.

#### 2.3 Seasonal Vegetation Correction

Another known source of uncertainty in retrieving satellite-derived NTL is the influence of canopy-level foliage within the ground-to-sensor geometry path (Román and Stokes, 2015). This effect, which has been shown to reduce the magnitude of NTL at city-wide scales (Levin, 2017; Levin and Zhang, 2017), is most pronounced in temperate urban regions, where mixed and deciduous vegetation are most pervasive. Given its seasonal dependence, this occlusion effect (obscuration of surface light by foliage) should be proportional in magnitude to the density and vertical distribution pattern of leaves within a given VIIRS

DNB pixel. Hence, while the effect may be non-linear (due to the confluence of factors that control the seasonality, physiognomy, and vertical distribution of urban vegetation canopies), the effect can be parameterized using analytical models, which aim to retrieve canopy structure parameters from multiangle remote sensing data (Chopping, 2006). With this concept in mind, we are employing a vegetation dispersion parameter, known as the clumping index,  $\psi$ , to parameterize the confined distribution of foliage within distinct canopy structures (Chen et al., 2005; Chen and Black, 1991; Jiao et al., 2018; Leblanc et al., 2005; Nilson, 1971):

$$P_{\uparrow}(\theta_{v}) = e^{-\psi G(\theta_{v})LAI}/\cos(\theta_{v}) \tag{4}$$

Here,  $P_{\uparrow}(\theta_{\nu})$  is the probability of the upward transmission of NTL emissions through the urban vegetation canopy (known as the gap fraction probability and hereafter termed the  $P_{gap}$  equation),  $G(\theta_{\nu})$  is the extinction coefficient that expresses the mean area projection of plant elements in the direction  $\theta_{\nu}$  (being 0.5 for canopies with a random distribution of leaf angles), and LAI is the Leaf Area Index.

The  $P_{gap}$  equation can be inverted from available daily VIIRS BRDF-derived clumping index values, as done in Hill et al. (2011) and He et al. (2012). The VIIRS LAI retrievals are based on the current standard product (VNP15) (Park et al., 2017). In case of poor-quality or missing LAI values (*e.g.*, when LAI is not retrieved over dense urban areas), we are employing the VIIRS LAI backup algorithm by using a look-up table (LUT) (Knyazikhin et al., 1999; Xiao et al., 2016) with normalized difference vegetation index (NDVI) generated from high-quality retrievals from the VIIRS NBAR product (Shuai et al., 2013).

#### 2.4 Monthly and Yearly Nighttime Light Composite

Monthly and yearly NTL composites (Wang et al., 2022) are generated from daily atmospherically- and lunar-BRDF-corrected NTL radiance to remove the influence of extraneous artifacts and biases. NTL outliers are excluded according to Boxplot metrics (Tukey 1977). The observations that fall out of the range of Q1 -1.5\*IQR and Q3 + 1.5\*IQR are identified as outliers and excluded from the NTL composite. Interquartile range (IQR) score is the range between 25th (Q1) and the 75th (Q3) percentile. Unlike Z-score (Kreyszig 1979), the IQR score method does not require normal distribution of the observations. The monthly and yearly NTL composite are then calculated from the mean values of the remaining observations. To remove any residual background noise, the NTL composite values with radiances less than 0.5 nW·cm<sup>-2</sup>·sr<sup>-1</sup> are set to zero. Aurora-contaminated pixels are filled with gap-filled values.

User's should be aware that artificial lights derived from VIIRS DNB data show a strong angular effect (Li et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2021), impacting retrievals, particularly across dense urban centers where NTL radiance at nadir can be significantly higher than off-nadir observations. The presence of nighttime

snow also enhances the scattering of reflected NTL due to the increased surface reflectance. Accordingly, NASA's Black Marble monthly and yearly NTL composites are generated for multiple view-angle categories (i.e., near-nadir, off-nadir, and all angles) and snow status (snow-covered and snow-free) along with ancillary metrics of standard deviation, the number of observations, and mandatory QA flags. Users are encouraged to carefully use these NTL composite values (either separately or jointly) to meet their specific science research and application needs.

#### 3 Data Product Formats

NASA's Black Marble product suite includes the daily at-sensor TOA nighttime radiance (VNP46A1/VJ146A1), the daily moonlight and atmosphere-corrected NTL (VNP46A2/VJ146A2), monthly moonlight and atmosphere-corrected NTL (VNP46A3/VJ146A3), and yearly moonlight and atmosphere-corrected NTL (VNP46A4/VJ146A4) products at a 15 arc-second geographic linear latitude/longitude (lat/lon) grid. The data are provided in the standard land Hierarchical Data Format - Earth Observing System (HDF-EOS) format.

#### 3.1 Metadata

Metadata (data attributes) provide information about data acquisition, input products, geographic location, the output of the data product, satellite instrument, processing environment, and other aspects of the retrieval. More details of the VNP46A1/VJ146A1, VNP46A2/VJ146A2, VNP46A3/VJ146A3, and VNP46A4/VJ146A4 product metadata are listed in Appendix A, B, C, and D.

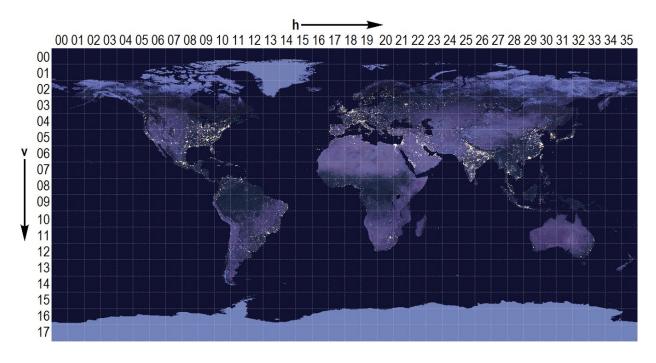
#### 3.2 Filenames

The filenames follow a naming convention, which gives useful information regarding the specific product. For example, the filename VNP46A1.A2015001.h08v05.001.2017012234657.h5 indicates:

- (1) VNP46A1: Product Short Name;
- (2) A2015001: Julian Date of Acquisition (A-YYYYDDD);
- (3) h08v05: Tile Identifier (horizontalXXverticalYY);
- (4) .001: Collection Version;
- (5) .2017012234657: Julian Date of Production (YYYYDDDHHMMSS);
- (6) .h5: Data Format (HDF5).

#### 3.3 Projection

NASA's Black Marble product suite employs the standard VIIRS science algorithms and software that produce the DNB standard (radiance-based) products, and their corresponding ancillary layers in gridded (Level 2G, Level 3) linear lat/lon format (Figure 2). The gridding algorithms were modified to work with the VIIRS DNB's unique viewing geometry, which, unlike the VIIRS moderate and imagery bands, has a ground pixel footprint at a nearly constant size (742 m). The rationale behind the VIIRS DNB gridding approach is to select the nighttime observations from available 6-min swath granules (2366 km along track, ~3100 km across-track), that are of high quality as indicated by the quality flags, and are the least affected by cloud cover and off-nadir viewing observations. The goal is to increase signal-to-noise, while maximizing coverage within a cell of the gridded projection (Tan et al., 2006; Wolfe et al., 2002). By implementing this combined gridding strategy and geographic linear lat/lon projection formats, we seek to improve the efficiency of processing and reprocessing the VNP46 product suite, preserve the satellite location and observation footprints, while also enabling the ingest of the products into accessible software for geographic information system (GIS)-friendly analysis and mapping.



**Figure 2** The Suomi-NPP VIIRS linear latitude/longitude (or geographic) grid consists of 460 non-overlapping Land tiles, which measure approximately 10°×10° region.

## 4. Product generation

Data product inputs to NASA's Black Marble algorithm are listed in Table 1 and Table 2. The algorithm processing flow is depicted in Figure 3. The algorithm processing cycle is divided into daytime and

nighttime branches, and each processing branch produces a unique set of ancillary and quality assurance (QA) flags.

Table 1 Black Marble VNP46A1 product input files

Input File	Description
VNP02DNB	VIIRS/NPP Day/Night Band 6-Min L1B Swath 750m (L1B DNB)
VNP02MOD	VIIRS/NPP Moderate Resolution 6-Min L1B Swath 750m (L1B moderate bands)
NPP DNBN*	VIIRS L2G DNB radiance
NPP DNBN angles*	VIIRS L2G DNB angles
NPP MOD*	VIIRS L2G moderate bands M10, M11, M12, M13, M15, M16
NPP PTDN*	VIIRS DNB pointer files
The standard VIIRS Cloud Mask (VCM)	VIIRS cloud mask

<sup>\*</sup>IP products.

Table 2 Black Marble VNP46A2 product input files

Input file	Description
VNP46A1	VIIRS/NPP TOA Daily Gridded Day Night Band Linear Lat Lon Grid Night
VNP43LGDNBA1	VIIRS/NPP DNB BRDF/Albedo Model Parameters Daily L3 Global LLL Grid
VNPLG09GA	VIIRS/NPP Surface Reflectance Daily L2G Global Linear Lat Lon Grid
VNP04LGA	VIIRS/NPP Aerosols Optical Thickness Daily L2G Global Linear Lat Lon Grid

Table 3 Black Marble VNP46A3 product input files

Input file	Description
VNP46A1	VIIRS/NPP TOA Daily Gridded Day Night Band Linear Lat Lon Grid Night
VNP46A2	VIIRS/NPP Moonlight and Atmosphere corrected Daily Gridded Day Night Band Linear Lat Lon Grid Night

Table 4 Black Marble VNP46A4 product input files

Input file	Description
VNP46A1	VIIRS/NPP TOA Daily Gridded Day Night Band Linear Lat Lon Grid Night
VNP46A2	VIIRS/NPP Moonlight and Atmosphere corrected Daily Gridded Day Night Band Linear Lat Lon Grid Night

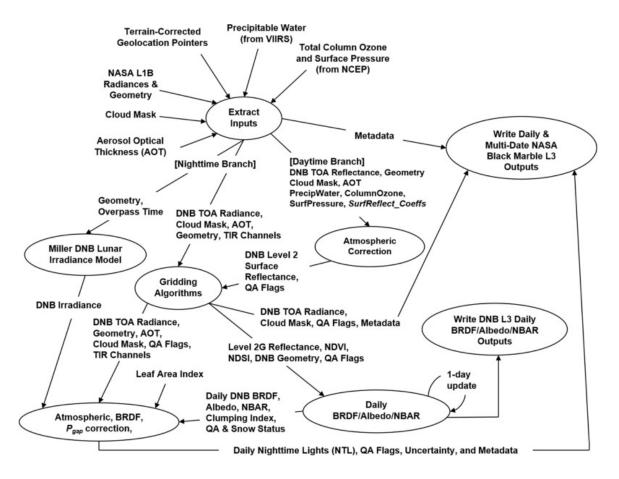


Figure 3 Algorithm processing cycle and ancillary parameters used by NASA's Black Marble product suite.

For the daytime branch, science product generation executables (PGEs) based on the standard suite of VIIRS land products are integrated as part of NASA's Black Marble processing chain. First, a modified version of the operational VIIRS surface reflectance algorithm (Roger et al., 2016; Vermote et al., 2014) is used to generate the DNB surface bidirectional reflectance factor (BRF) using NASA's Level 1B calibrated radiance product as input (i.e., 6-minute granules, or 2366 km along track and ~3100 km across-track). Level 2G DNB surface reflectance is then generated by performing spatial and temporal aggregation to 15 arc-second grid cells over daily time periods (Campagnolo et al., 2016; Pahlevan et al., 2017; Wolfe et al., 1998; Yang and Wolfe, 2001). Daily Level 3 DNB BRDF/Albedo data are then retrieved using the heritage MODIS/VIIRS algorithm (MCD43/VNP43) (Liu et al., 2017, Liu et al., 2017; Wang et al., 2018), and corresponding snow flags are estimated using the VIIRS Normalized Difference Snow Index (NDSI) algorithm (VNP10) (Riggs et al., 2016, Riggs et al., 2017). The NDVI and NDSI values are used to determine the growing, dormant, and snow periods to routinely update the *a priori* global database of the DNB BRDF product (Cescatti et al., 2012; Liu et al., 2017, Liu et al., 2017; Román et al., 2009). Surface BRF from the VIIRS I1 (red) and I2 (NIR) channels is used to obtain daily estimates

of LAI (Knyazikhin et al., 1999; Park et al., 2017; Xiao et al., 2016). The retrieved LAI and clumping index values are then used to calculate the gap fraction probability (Pgap). Note that the vegetation correction is not applied in Black Marble Collection 1 product as requested by the end users.

The nighttime branch describes the path followed to generate the final VNP46 products. We begin with the at-sensor TOA nighttime radiance (VNP46A1), along with the corresponding nighttime cloud mask, multiple solar/viewing/lunar geometry values (including moon-illuminated fraction and phase angles), and the daily snow and aerosol status flags. These science data sets (SDS) enable open access to the primary inputs used to generate NASA's Black Marble NTL time-series record, thus ensuring reproducibility of the final outputs. A series of temporal and spatial gap-filling techniques are also employed to improve the coverage of the VNP46 NTL product.

#### 5 Scientific Data Sets (SDSs) from Black Marble Product Suite

#### 5.1 The VNP46A1/VJ146A1 Daily At-sensor TOA Nighttime Lights Product

The daily at-sensor TOA nighttime lights product is available at 15 arc-second spatial resolution from January 2012 onward. VNP46A1/VJ146A1 product contains 26 SDS layers (Table 3) including sensor radiance, zenith and azimuth angles at-sensor, solar, and lunar, cloud mask flag, time, shortwave IR radiance, brightness temperatures, VIIRS quality flags, moon phase angle, and moon illumination fraction. Contents of VNP46A1/VJ146A1 product are given in List 1. Table 3 presents detailed information on the layers. Table 4 and Table 5 present the details of the flag description keys and quality flags (QF) of the VNP46A1/VJ146A1 product.

**List 1** Datasets in a sample of VNP46A1/VJ146A1 product.



Table 3 Scientific datasets included in the VNP46A1/VJ146A1 daily at-sensor TOA nighttime radiance product.

Scientific Datasets	Units	Description	Bit Types	Fill	Valid	Scale	Offset
(SDS HDF Layers)				Value	Range	Factor	
DNB_At_Sensor_Radian	nW·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	At-sensor DNB	16-bit	65535 <sup>1</sup>	0 - 65534	0.1	0.0

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ce		radiance	unsigned				
			integer				
Sensor_Zenith	Degrees	Sensor zenith	16-bit signed	-32768	-9000 -	0.01	0.0
		angle	integer		9000		
Sensor_Azimuth	Degrees	Sensor azimuth	16-bit signed	-32768	-18000 -	0.01	0.0
		angle	integer		18000		
Solar_Zenith	Degrees	Solar zenith angle	16-bit signed	-32768	0 – 18000	0.01	0.0
			integer				
Solar_azimuth	Degrees	Solar azimuth	16-bit signed	-32768	-18000 -	0.01	0.0
		angle	integer		18000		
Lunar_Zenith	Degrees	Lunar zenith	16-bit signed	-32768	0 – 18000	0.01	0.0
		angle	integer				
Lunar_Azimuth	Degrees	Lunar azimuth	16-bit signed	-32768	-18000 -	0.01	0.0
		angle	integer		18000		
Glint_Angle	Degrees	Moon glint angle	16-bit signed	-32768	-18000 -	0.01	0.0
			integer		18000		
UTC_Time	Decimal	UTC time	32-bit floating	-999.9	0 24	1.0	0.0
	hours		point				
QF_Cloud_Mask <sup>2</sup>	Unitless	Cloud mask	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	N/A	N/A
		status	unsigned				
			integer				
QF_DNB <sup>3</sup>	Unitless	DNB quality flag	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	N/A	N/A
			unsigned				
			integer				
Radiance_M10	W·m⁻²·μm-	Radiance in band	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	0.0013	-0.04
	1·sr-1	M10	unsigned				
			integer				
Radiance_M11	W·m⁻²·μm-	Radiance in band	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	0.00058	-0.02
	1·sr <sup>-1</sup>	M11	unsigned				
			integer				
BrightnessTemperature_	Kelvins	Brightness	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	0.0025	203.0
M12		temperature of	unsigned				
		band M12	integer				
BrightnessTemperature_	Kelvins	Brightness	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	0.0025	203.0
M13		temperature of	unsigned				
		band M13	integer				
BrightnessTemperature_	Kelvins	Brightness	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	0.0041	111.0
M15		temperature of	unsigned				
		band M15	integer				
BrightnessTemperature_	Kelvins	Brightness	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	0.0043	103.0
M16		temperature of	unsigned				

		band M16	integer				
QF_VIIRS_M10 <sup>4</sup>	Unitless	Quality flag of	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	N/A	N/A
		band M10	unsigned				
			integer				
QF_VIIRS_M11 <sup>4</sup>	Unitless	Quality flag of	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	N/A	N/A
		band M11	unsigned				
			integer				
QF_VIIRS_M12 <sup>4</sup>	Unitless	Quality flag of	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	N/A	N/A
		band M12	unsigned				
			integer				
QF_VIIRS_M13 <sup>4</sup>	Unitless	Quality flag of	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	N/A	N/A
		band M13	unsigned				
			integer				
QF_VIIRS_M15 <sup>4</sup>	Unitless	Quality flag of	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	N/A	N/A
		band M15	unsigned				
			integer				
QF_VIIRS_M16 <sup>4</sup>	Unitless	Quality flag of	16-bit	65535	0 - 65534	N/A	N/A
		band M16	unsigned				
			integer				
Moon_Phase_Angle	Degrees	Moon phase	16-bit signed	-32768	0 – 18000	0.01	0.0
		angle	integer				
Moon_Illumination_Fract	Percentage	Moon	16-bit signed	-32768	0 – 10000	0.01	0.0
ion		illumination	integer				
		fraction					
Granule	Unitless	Number of	8-bit unsigned	255	0 - 254	1.0	0.0
		selected Granule	integer				
				1			

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Note that the need to use fill-values can arise from various scenarios such as bad quality data or if the solar zenith angle < 108 degrees since that is the nighttime cut-off used in the code.  $^{2}$  Details of QF\_Cloud\_Mask are shown in Table 4.  $^{3}$  The scale and offset are for nighttime. Users should check the quality flags and metadata for specific values.  $^{4}$  Details of QF\_DNB and QF for VIIRS band M10/11/12/13/15/16 are shown in Table 5.

 $\textbf{Table 4} \ Value \ of \ QF\_Cloud\_Mask \ in \ the \ VNP46A1/VJ146A1 \ product.$ 

Bit	Flag description key	Interpretation
0	Day/Night	0 = Night
		1 = Day
1-3	Land/Water Background	000 = Land & Desert

		001 = Land no Desert
		010 = Inland Water
		011 = Sea Water
		101 = Coastal
4-5	Cloud Mask Quality	00 = Poor
		01 = Low
		10 = Medium
		11 = High
6-7	Cloud Detection Results & Confidence Indicator	00 = Confident Clear
		01 = Probably Clear
		10 = Probably Cloudy
		11 = Confident Cloudy
8	Shadow Detected	1 = Yes
		0 = No
9	Cirrus Detection (IR) (BTM15 – BTM16)	1 = Cloud
		0 = No Cloud
10	Snow/ Ice Surface	1 = Snow/Ice
		0 = No Snow/Ice

Table 5 Value of QF\_DNB and QF of VIIRS band M10/11/12/13/15/16 in the VNP46A1/VJ146A1 product.

SDS Layer	Flag Mask Values and Descriptions
QF_DNB	1 = Substitute_Cal
	2 = Out_of_Range
	4 = Saturation
	8 = Temp_not_Nominal
	16 = Stray_light
	256 = Bowtie_Deleted/Range_bit
	512 = Missing_EV
	1024 = Cal_Fail
	2048 = Dead_Detector
QF_VIIRS_M10	1 = Substitute_Cal
QF_VIIRS_M11	2 = Out_of_Range
QF_VIIRS_M12	4 = Saturation
QF_VIIRS_M13	8 = Temp_not_Nominal
QF_VIIRS_M15	256 = Bowtie_Deleted
QF_VIIRS_M16	512 = Missing_EV
	1024 = Cal_Fail
	2048 = Dead_Detector

# 5.2 The VNP46A2/VJ146A2 Daily Moonlight-adjusted Nighttime Lights (NTL) Product

The daily moonlight and atmosphere-corrected NTL is available at 15 arc-second resolution from January 2012-present. The VNP46A2/VJ146A2 product has 7 layers containing information on BRDF-corrected NTL, Gap-filled BRDF-corrected NTL, lunar irradiance, mandatory quality flag, latest high-quality retrieval (number of days), snow flag, and cloud mask flag. Contents of VNP46A2/VJ146A2 product are given in List 2. The detailed VNP46A2/VJ146A2 layer properties are described in Table 6. Table 7 and Table 8 present the details of quality flags (QF) for the VNP46A2/VJ146A2 product.

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List 2 Datasets in a sample of VNP46A2/VJ146A2 product

Table 6 Scientific datasets included in VNP46A2/VJ146A2 daily moonlight-adjusted NTL product.

Scientific Data Sets	Units	Description	Bit Types	Fill	Valid	Scale	Offset
(SDS HDF Layers)				Value	Range	Factor	
DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	BRDF corrected	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
		DNB NTL	unsigned		65,534		
			integer				
Gap_Filled_DNB_BRDF-	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Gap Filled BRDF	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
Corrected_NTL		corrected DNB	unsigned		65,534		
		NTL	integer				
DNB_Lunar_Irradiance	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup>	DNB Lunar	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
		Irradiance	unsigned		65,534		
			integer				
Mandatory_Quality_Flag <sup>1</sup>	Unitless	Mandatory quality	8-bit	255	0 – 3	N/A	N/A
		flag	unsigned				
			integer				

Latest_High_Quality_Retrieval	Number of days	Latest high quality	8-bit	255	0 - 254	1.0	0.0
		BRDF corrected	unsigned				
		DNB radiance	integer				
		retrieval					
Snow_Flag <sup>2</sup>	Unitless	Flag for snow	8-bit	255	0 - 1	N/A	N/A
		cover	unsigned				
			integer				
QF_Cloud_Mask <sup>3</sup>	Unitless	Quality flag for	16-bit	65,535	0 –	N/A	N/A
		cloud mask	unsigned		65,534		
			integer				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Details of Mandatory\_Quality\_Flag are shown in Table 7. <sup>2</sup> Details of Snow\_Flag are shown in Table 8. <sup>3</sup> Details of QF\_Cloud\_Mask are shown in Table 4.

Table 7 Values of the Mandatory\_Quality\_Flag in VNP46A2/VJ146A2 product.

Value	Retrieval quality	Algorithm instance
00	High-quality	Main algorithm (Persistent nighttime lights)
01	High-quality	Main algorithm (Ephemeral Nighttime Lights)
02	Poor-quality	Main algorithm (Outlier, potential cloud
		contamination or other issues)
255	No retrieval	Fill value

Table 8 Values of the Snow\_Flag in VNP46A2/VJ146A2 product.

Flag description key	Value	Interpretation
Snow/ Ice Surface	00	No Snow/Ice
	01	Snow/Ice
	255	Fill value

# 5.3 The VNP46A3/VJ146A3 Monthly and VNP46A4/VJ146A4 Yearly Moonlight-adjusted Nighttime Lights (NTL) Product

The monthly and yearly moonlight and atmosphere-corrected NTL composite are available at 15 arcsecond resolution from January 2012-present. The composite product has 28 layers containing information on NTL composite, the number of observations, quality, and standard deviation for multiview zenith angle categories (near-nadir, off-nadir, and all angles) and snow status (snow-covered and snow-free) as well as land water mask, platform, latitude, and longitude. Contents of VNP46A3/A4 (VJ146A3/A4) product are given in List 2. The detailed VNP46A3/A4 (VJ146A3/A4) layer properties are

described in Table 6. Table 7 present the detailed description of quality flags (QF) for the VNP46A3/A4 (VJ146A3/A4) products.

#### List 3 Datasets in a sample of VNP46A3/A4 (VJ146A3/A4) product



Table 9 Scientific datasets included in VNP46A3/A4 (VJ146A3/A4) NTL composite products.

Scientific Data Sets	Units	Description	Bit	Fill	Valid	Scale	Off
(SDS HDF Layers)			Types	Value	Range	Factor	set
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Temporal Radiance	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
Covered		Composite Using All	unsigned		65,534		
		Observations During	integer				
		Snow-covered Period					
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	Number of	Number of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	1.0	0.0
Covered_Num	observations	Observations of	unsigned		65,534		

Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered Period			Temporal Radiance	integer				
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_   Unitless   Quality Flag of   Temporal Radiance   Composite Using All   Observations During   Snow-covered Period   Integer   Observations During   Integer   Observations During   Integer   In			Composite Using All					
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Quality¹ Unitless Unitless Unitless Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period			Observations During					
Covered_Quality¹  Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Std  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Num  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAn			Snow-covered Period					
Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Std  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Std  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Snow-covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Composite_Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Composite_Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Composite_Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Composite_Using All Observations Of Unitless Observations of Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations Of Unitless Observations	AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	Unitless	Quality Flag of	8-bit	255	0 –	1.0	0.0
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered Period Snow-covered Period Snow-covered Period Snow-covered Period Snow-covered Period Std Snow-covered Period Std Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period Snow-covered Period Snow-covered Period Snow-covered Period Snow-free Period Snow	Covered Quality <sup>1</sup>			unsigned		254		
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Std  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Std  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Std  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Composite_Snow_ Covered_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Composite_Snow_ Covered_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Period  AllAngle_Compo			Composite Using All	integer				
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Covered_Std			Observations During					
Covered_Std  Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Num  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow			Snow-covered Period					
Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free  Number of observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Num  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_	AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Standard Deviation of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
Observations During Snow-covered Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	Covered_Std		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		65,534		
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Number of Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations Observations Observations Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observation of Temporal Radiance Unsigned Observation of Temporal Radiance Unsigned Observation Observation of Temporal Radiance Unsigned Observation			Composite Using All	integer				
AllAngle_Composite_Snow Free Num			Observations During					
Free Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations  Number of Observations of Unitieger  Observations Observations  Observations of Unitieger  Observations of Unitieger  Composite Using All Observations  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Unitless  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations  Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance Unitieger  Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Nwatts·cm^2·sr^1 Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance Unisigned U			Snow-covered Period					
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ observations  Number of Observations of Unsigned Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Unitless  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ observations  Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance Unsigned Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ nWatts·cm^2·sr^1 Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance Unsigned Temporal R	AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Temporal Radiance	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations    AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ observations    AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ observations    AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ observations    AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Unitless    Free_Quality¹    AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ observations    AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	Free		Composite Using All	unsigned		65,534		
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_   Number of observations   Number of Observations of Temporal Radiance   Composite Using All Observations During   Snow-free Period   Number of observations During   Snow-free Period   Number of Observations of unsigned integer   Observations During   Snow-free Period   Number of Observations of unsigned integer   Observations During   Snow-free Period   Observations During   Observations During   Snow-free Period   Observations During   Observations During   Snow-free Period   Observations During   Snow-free Period   Observation of Observation Observation of Observation Observation of Observation			Observations During	integer				
Free_Num  observations  Observations of Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance			Snow-free Period					
Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Integer  Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Unsigned  October 16-bit of 5,535	AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	Number of	Number of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	1.0	0.0
Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Free_Quality¹  Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  Unitless  Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance  NWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance Unsigned  Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Unsigned  Composite Using All Unitless  Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Unsigned  Composite Using All Unitless Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Temporal Radiance Unsigned  Composite Using All Unitless Observations During Snow-free Period  Composite Using All Unitless Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Observations During Observations	Free_Num	observations	Observations of	unsigned		65,534		
Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Unitless Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance unsigned Composite Using All integer  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ NWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance unsigned to 55,534  Temporal Radiance unsigned to 65,534  Temporal Radiance unsigned to 65,534			Temporal Radiance	integer				
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Unitless Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance unsigned Composite_Snow_ Snow-free Period Unitless Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance unsigned integer Snow-free Period Snow-free Period Snow-free Period Temporal Radiance unsigned Unsigned Snow-free Period Snow-free Period Temporal Radiance unsigned Snow-free Std Temporal Radiance Unsigned Snow-free Period Unsigned Snow-free Std Unitless Snow-free Period Unsigned Unsi			Composite Using All					
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ Unitless Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance unsigned Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance unsigned Unsigned Solution of Temporal Radiance unsigned Composite_Snow_ the property of the prop			Observations During					
Free_Quality¹  Temporal Radiance unsigned integer  Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance unsigned unsigned  Temporal Radiance unsigned  254  254  Composite Using All integer  Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Temporal Radiance unsigned  65,535  O 0.1  O.0  O.0			Snow-free Period					
Composite Using All integer Observations During Snow-free Period Snow-free Period Oscaria Using All AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance unsigned Oscaria Oscaria Unsigned Oscaria Oscaria Oscaria Unsigned Oscaria O	AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	Unitless	Quality Flag of	8-bit	255	0 –	1.0	0.0
Observations During Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Standard Deviation of 16-bit 65,535 0 - 0.1 0.0 Temporal Radiance unsigned 65,534	Free_Quality <sup>1</sup>		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		254		
Snow-free Period  AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Standard Deviation of 16-bit 65,535 0 - 0.1 0.0  Temporal Radiance unsigned 65,534			Composite Using All	integer				
AllAngle_Composite_Snow_ nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Standard Deviation of 16-bit 65,535 0 - 0.1 0.0 Free_Std Temporal Radiance unsigned			Observations During					
Free_Std Temporal Radiance unsigned 65,534			Snow-free Period					
	AllAngle_Composite_Snow_	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Standard Deviation of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
Composite Using All integer	Free_Std		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		65,534		
			Composite Using All	integer				
Observations During			Observations During					
Snow-free Period			Snow-free Period					
NearNadir_Composite_Snow nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> Temporal Radiance 16-bit 65,535 0 - 0.1 0.0	NearNadir_Composite_Snow	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Temporal Radiance	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
_Covered Composite Using Near unsigned 65,534	_Covered		Composite Using Near	unsigned		65,534		
Nadir Angle integer			Nadir Angle	integer				
Observations (View			Observations (View					
Zenith Angle 0-20			Zenith Angle 0-20					
degree) During Snow-			degree) During Snow-					
covered Period			covered Period					

NearNadir_Composite_Snow	Number of	Number of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	1.0	0.0
_Covered_Num	observations	Observations of	unsigned		65,534		
		Temporal Radiance	integer				
		Composite Using Near					
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 0-20					
		degree) During Snow-					
		covered Period					
NearNadir	Unitless	Quality Flag of	8-bit	255	0 –	1.0	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Covered		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		254		
_Quality <sup>1</sup>		Composite Using Near	integer				
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 0-20					
		degree) During Snow-					
		covered Period					
NearNadir	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Standard Deviation of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Covered		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		65,534		
_Std		Composite Using Near	integer				
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 0-20					
		degree) During Snow-					
		covered Period					
NearNadir	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Temporal Radiance	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Free		Composite Using Near	unsigned		65,534		
		Nadir Angle	integer				
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 0-20					
		degree) During Snow-					
		free Period					
NearNadir	Number of	Number of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	1.0	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Free_Nu	observations	Observations of	unsigned		65,534		
m		Temporal Radiance	integer				
		Composite Using Near					
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 0-20					
		degree) During Snow-					
		free Period					
	l	<u>l</u>	1	l	l	l	

NearNadir	Unitless	Quality Flag of	8-bit	255	0 –	1.0	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Free_Qu		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		254		
ality <sup>1</sup>		Composite Using Near	integer				
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 0-20					
		degree) During Snow-					
		free Period					
NearNadir	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Standard Deviation of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Free_Std		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		65,534		
		Composite Using Near	integer				
		Nadir Angle	8				
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 0-20					
		degree) During Snow-					
		free Period					
OffNadir Composite Snow	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Temporal Radiance	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
Covered	in water our si	Composite Using Off	unsigned	03,333	65,534	0.1	0.0
Covered		Nadir Angle	integer		03,331		
		Observations (View	mieger				
		Zenith Angle 40-60					
		degree) During Snow-					
		covered Period					
OffNadir	Number of	Number of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	1.0	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Covered	observations	Observations of	unsigned	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	65,534		
Num		Temporal Radiance	integer		,		
_		Composite Using Off					
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 40-60					
		degree) During Snow-					
		covered Period					
OffNadir	Unitless	Quality Flag of	8-bit	255	0 –	1.0	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Covered		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		254		
_Quality <sup>1</sup>		Composite Using Off	integer				
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 40-60					
		degree) During Snow-					
		covered Period					
OffNadir	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Standard Deviation of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
	5			,	_		

Composite Snow Covered		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		65,534		
_Std		Composite Using Off	integer				
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 40-60					
		degree) During Snow-					
		covered Period					
OffNadir	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Temporal Radiance	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
Composite Snow Free	nwaus cm - sr	Composite Using Off	unsigned	05,555		0.1	0.0
_Composite_snow_Free					65,534		
		Nadir Angle	integer				
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 40-60					
		degree) During Snow-					
		free Period					
OffNadir	Number of	Number of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	1.0	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Free_Nu	observations	Observations of	unsigned		65,534		
m		Temporal Radiance	integer				
		Composite Using Off					
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 40-60					
		degree) During Snow-					
		free Period					
OffNadir	Unitless	Quality Flag of	8-bit	255	0 –	1.0	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Free_Qu		Temporal Radiance	unsigned		254		
ality <sup>1</sup>		Composite Using Off	integer				
		Nadir Angle					
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 40-60					
		degree) During Snow-					
		free Period					
OffNadir	nWatts·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	Standard Deviation of	16-bit	65,535	0 –	0.1	0.0
_Composite_Snow_Free_Std		Temporal Radiance	unsigned	00,000	65,534	···	
simposite_sitow_free_situ		Composite Using Off	integer		00,001		
		Nadir Angle	integer				
		Observations (View					
		Zenith Angle 40-60					
		degree) During Snow-					
		free Period					
DND DL (C. 2	TT '41		0.1%	255	0	1.0	0.0
DNB_Platform <sup>2</sup>	Unitless	Platform	8-bit	255	0 –	1.0	0.0
			unsigned		254		

			integer				
Land_Water_Mask <sup>3</sup>	Unitless	Land Water Mask	8-bit	255	0 –	1.0	0.0
			unsigned		254		
			integer				
Lat	Degrees_north	Latitude	64-bit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
			floating-				A
			point				
Lon	Degree_east	Longitude	64-bit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/
			floating-				A
			point				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Details of Quality\_Flag are shown in Table 10. <sup>2</sup> Details of DNB\_Platform are shown in Table 11. <sup>3</sup> Details of Land\_Water\_Mask are shown in Table 4.

Table 10 Values of the Quality Flag in VNP46A3/A4 (VJ146A3/A4) product.

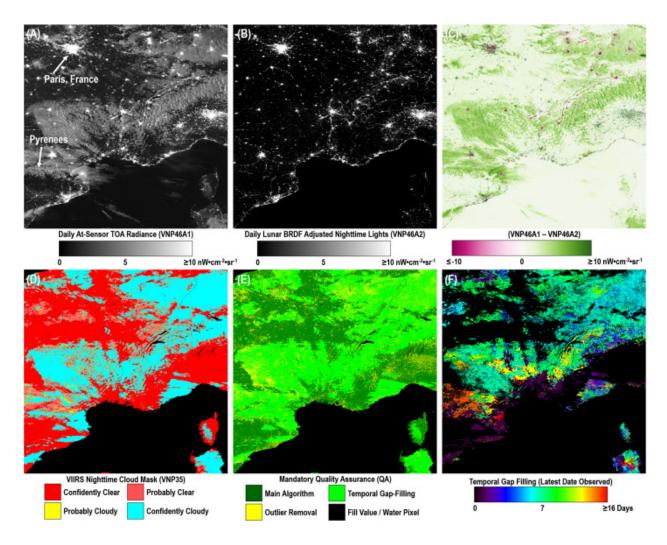
Value	Retrieval quality	Algorithm instance	
00	Good-quality	The number of observations used for the	
		composite is larger than 3	
01	Poor-quality	The number of observations used for the	
		composite is less than or equal to 3	
02	Gap filled	Gap filled NTL based on historical data	
255	Fill value	Fill value	

Table 11 Values of the DNB Platform in VNP46A3/A4 (VJ146A3/A4) product.

Value	Sensors
00	Suomi-NPP
01	NOAA-20
02	Suomi-NPP and NOAA-
	20 combined
255	Fill value

## **5.4 Examples of the Black Marble Product Suite**

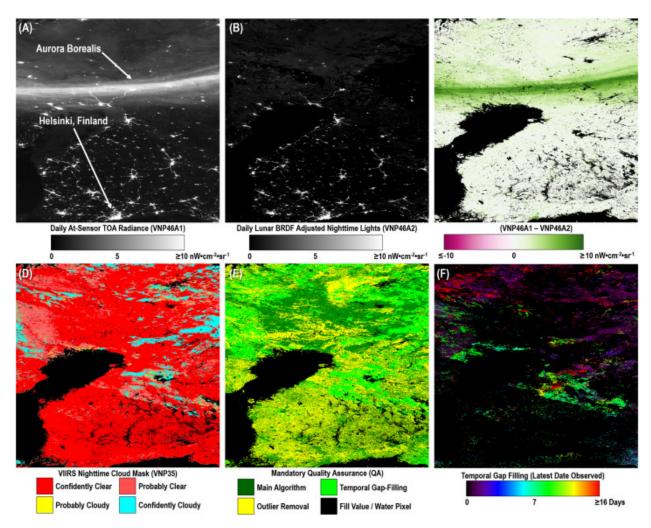
The Black Marble product suite is available both retrospectively, via NASA's Level 1 and Atmosphere Archive and Distribution System Distributed Active Archive Center (LAADS-DAAC), and in forward near-real-time (NRT) data streams, via NASA's Land, Atmosphere Near-Real-time Capability for EOS (LANCE) with a latency of about three hours. The NRT data are mainly used in response to disasters and other management applications, which require low latency data access.



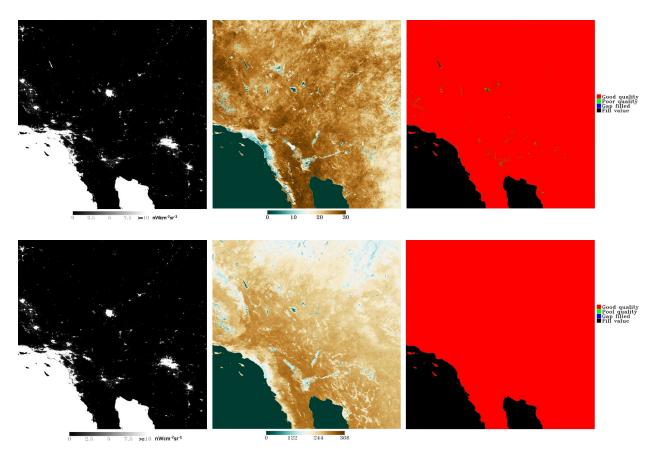
**Figure 4** Black Marble product suite components for a  $10^{\circ} \times 10^{\circ}$  Level 3 tile over France and the Balearic Sea region (h18v04; DOY 2015-091). The full-moon-illuminated and 51% cloud-contaminated scene illustrates the challenges of nighttime cloud masking over snow-covered surfaces (e.g., the French Alps and the Pyrenees).

Figure 4 and Figure 5 illustrate the key processing steps used to retrieve high-quality NTL as part of NASA's Black Marble product suite. Cloud-free, atmospheric-, seasonal-, and moonlight BRDF-corrected DNB nighttime radiance is produced using the nighttime DNB-at-sensor radiance (VNP46A1), nighttime cloud mask, aerosol optical depth values, snow status flag, Ross-Li DNB BRDF model parameters and albedo values, Pgap, and per-pixel estimates of DNB lunar irradiance and corresponding geometries. A mandatory quality assurance (QA) flag is then provided to establish the pixel-specific estimates of retrieval performance. Note that when the temporal gap-filling routine is called upon, as reported in the mandatory quality assurance (QA) Flags (Table 7), the latest high-quality date observed (based on retrievals using the main algorithm) is reported as a separate SDS layer. If an outlier is still detected after temporal gap-filling, then the VNP46 algorithm defaults to a monthly climatology, based on the most recently available moonless high QA values. Thus, through judicious use of the VNP46 product quality flag, the end-user can establish whether a particular temporally gap-filled NTL value is based on a recent date or not. This results in a traceable, moonlight-adjusted, NTL product to assess current versus recent NTL conditions, while reducing persistent data gaps caused by nighttime clouds, snow, and other

ephemeral artifacts (e.g., the Aurora Borealis - cf., Figure 5). Figure 6 illustrates the monthly (VNP46A3) and yearly (VNP46A4) NTL composite, the associated the number of valid observations used for the composite, and quality flags generated from daily lunar-BRDF-corrected NTL product (VNP46A2) for tile h06v05 in 2016.



**Figure 5** VNP46 product suite components for a 10° × 10° Level 3 tile over Sweden and Finland (h20v02; DOY 2013-080). The half-moon-illuminated and 30% cloud-contaminated scene is shown to capture extraneous light emissions north of the Gulf of Bothnia caused by the Aurora Borealis.



**Figure 6** VNP46A3 monthly (upper) and VNP46A4 yearly (bottom) NTL composite (left), the associated number of observations for the composite (middle) and quality (right) for a 10° × 10° Level 3 tile h06v05 in 2016.

#### 6 Evaluation and Validation of the Product

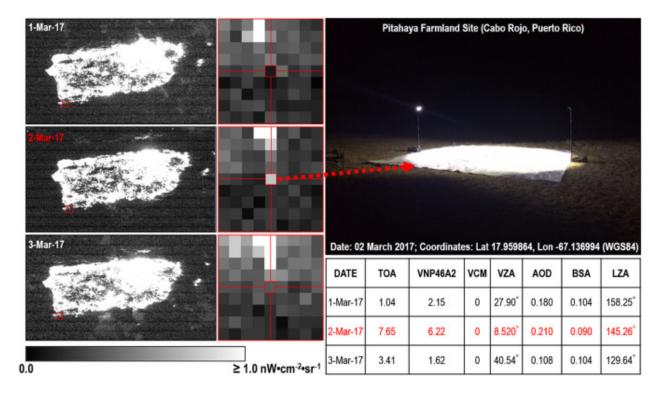
The overarching goal of NASA's Black Marble science product development effort is to achieve a "breakthrough" performance specification (cf., Table 9) by conducting the following: (1) long-term stability monitoring of the entire VNP46 algorithm processing chain, including the fundamental (Level 1B) VIIRS DNB time series record, terrain-corrected geolocation, stray light correction, and calibration LUTs; and (2) global quality assessment, uncertainty quantification, and product validation. To assess progress, we have developed a series of benchmark tests to quantify product performance at representative spatial and temporal scales. This comprehensive suite of benchmark tests and assessment metrics are meant to ensure that variations in VNP46 product performance can be identified quickly so that improvements can be implemented in a timely fashion. It also enables the end-user to consider the products in their appropriate context, e.g., by anticipating appropriate noise reduction levels under specific retrieval conditions.

**Table 9** Key performance metrics established for NASA's Black Marble product suite.

Key performance metrics Threshold Breakthrough Goal	Threshold	Breakthrough	Goal	
NTL detection limit (Lmin)	3.0 nW·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	0.5 nW· cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	0.25 nW· cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	
NTL robustness (L0)	±3.0 nW·cm <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup>	$\pm 0.10 \text{ nW} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	$\pm 0.05 \text{ nW} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	
Stray light error	0.45 nW·cm <sup>-2·</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup>	0.25 nW·cm <sup>-2·</sup> sr <sup>-1</sup>	$< 0.1 \text{ nW} \cdot \text{cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	
Spatial resolution	742m (±5%)	500m (±5%)	≤200m (±5%)	
Temporal resolution	Monthly	Daily	Hourly	
Geolocation uncertainty	133m	50m	20m	

A series of benchmark tests were designed to quantify errors inherited from the upstream products (i.e., VIIRS calibrated radiance, cloud mask, aerosol retrieval, etc.), provided a relative assessment of NTL product performance. The initial validation results are presented together with example case studies that are available in related publications in section 10. To establish the absolute accuracy of the final NTL retrievals, one must also assess the NTL products against an independent source of reference data. Unfortunately, quality-assessed *in situ* NTL measurements are not widely available; let alone, at the spatial and temporal densities necessary to capture the full range of retrieval conditions. Recent NASA Black Marble product validation efforts have therefore focused on developing guidelines for accuracy assessment of NTL products through a number of international initiatives.

Figure 7 shows an example of the accuracy assessment of NTL products through a field experiment at the Pitahaya farmland site in Cabo Rojo, PR. During the night of 2 March 2017, at 02:00 local time, the Puerto Rico's Working Group on Light Pollution (PRWGLP) team conducted a validation experiment at the Pitahaya site. A stable point source was reflected by a 30 m² Lambertian target to generate an in-band DNB radiance at sensor of ~0.45nW·cm<sup>-2</sup>·sr<sup>-1</sup>. Additional Sky-Quality Meter instrument data recordings (Falchi et al., 2016; Kyba et al., 2011, Kyba et al., 2013; Schnitt et al., 2013) with specialized filters matching the VIIRS relative spectral response, as well as atmospheric measurements from nearby Aerosol Robotic Network (AERONET) sun photometers (Holben et al., 1998) were used to characterize atmospheric conditions.



**Figure 7** The NTL radiance at the Pitahaya farmland site in Cabo Rojo, PR on 1st, 2nd and 3rd March 2017. The top-right image shows the setup of the stable point source. TOA and VNP46A2 values are in nW·cm<sup>-2</sup>·sr<sup>-1</sup>. VCM = 0 represents cloud free overpasses. LZA is lunar zenith angle, and the values larger than 108° correspond to moonless nights.

The validation approach follows the assessment method first described in *Cao and Bai* (2014), which relies on quantitative analysis and stability monitoring of stable light point sources. We used the following parameters to generate our radiative transfer calculations: (1) atmospheric transmittance = 0.8 (based on 6S radiative transfer code and AERONET calculations), a target reflectance = 0.8, and 16 W of total effective irradiance incident on the reflective surface. Results in Figure 7 also illustrate how the detected VIIRS at-sensor cloud-corrected radiance (or TOA) and VNP46A2 estimates over the pixel centered on the reflective point source were within the VNP46A2 product's "breakthrough" requirement specifications for the NTL detection limit, Lmin (0.43 nW·cm<sup>-2</sup>·sr<sup>-1</sup>) after removing background noise measured the days prior and after activation of the stable light point sources. We found that the final VNP46A2 product resulted in a 16.95% sensitivity enhancement (due to reduced background noise), as confirmed in previous benchmark tests, compared to the at-sensor cloud-corrected radiance product (TOA) under observed moon-free conditions.

#### 7 Data Archives

The VNP46 suite of operational products are archived and supported by NASA's LAADS DAAC data center <a href="https://ladsweb.modaps.eosdis.nasa.gov/">https://ladsweb.modaps.eosdis.nasa.gov/</a>.

The VNP46 suite of near-real-time products with a latency of about three hours are available at the NASA LANCE: NASA Near-Real-time Data and Imagery <a href="https://earthdata.nasa.gov/earth-observation-data/near-real-time">https://earthdata.nasa.gov/earth-observation-data/near-real-time</a>.

## 8 Data Usage and Citation Policies

Please find detailed information about how to use and how to cite the data on the webpage https://modaps.modaps.eosdis.nasa.gov/services/faq/LAADS Data-Use Citation Policies.pdf.

#### **9 Contact Information**

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#### 10 Related Publications

Román, M.O., Wang, Z., Sun, Q., Kalb, V., Miller, S.D., Molthan, A., Schultz, L., Bell, J., Stokes, E.C., Pandey, B. and Seto, K.C., et al. (2018). NASA's Black Marble nighttime lights product suite. Remote Sens. Environ. 210, 113-143. doi:10.1016/j.rse.2018.03.017.

Román, M.O. and Stokes, E.C. (2015). Holidays in lights: Tracking cultural patterns in demand for energy services. Earth's Future, 3, 182–205.

Román, M.O., Stokes, E.C., Shrestha, R., Wang, Z., Schultz, L., Sepúlveda Carlo, E.A., Sun, Q., Bell, J., Molthan, A., Kalb, V., Ji, C., Seto, K.C., McClain, S.N., Enenkel, M., 2019. Satellite-based assessment of electricity restoration efforts in Puerto Rico after Hurricane Maria. PLoS One. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0218883

Wang, Z., Román, M.O., Kalb, V.L., Miller, S.D., Zhang, J., Shrestha, R.M., 2021. Quantifying uncertainties in nighttime light retrievals from Suomi-NPP and NOAA-20 VIIRS Day/Night Band data. Remote Sensing of Environment 263, 112557. https://doi.org/10.1016/J.RSE.2021.112557

Wang, Z., Shrestha, R.M., Roman, M.O., Kalb, V.L., 2022. NASA's Black Marble Multiangle Nighttime

Lights Temporal Composites. IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Letters 19. https://doi.org/10.1109/LGRS.2022.3176616

Wang, Z., Román, M. O., Sun, Q., Molthan, A. L., Schultz, L. A., and Kalb, V. L. (2018). Monitoring Disaster-related Power Outages Using NASA Black Marble Nighttime Light Product. Int. Arch. Photogramm. Remote Sens. Spatial Inf. Sci., XLII-3, 1853-1856, https://doi.org/10.5194/isprs-archives-XLII-3-1853-2018, 2018.

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Cole, T.A., Wanik, D.W., Molthan, A.L., Román, M.O. and Griffin, R.E. (2017). Synergistic use of nighttime satellite data, electric utility infrastructure, and ambient population to improve power outage detections in urban areas. Remote Sensing, 9(3), 286. doi:10.3390/rs9030286.

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# Appendix A: Metadata (Attributes) in VNP46A1 Product

```
netcdf VNP46A1.A2013200.h10v04.001.2019115102717.h5 {
// global attributes:
             :Platform Short Name = "NPP";
             :ProductionTime = "2019-04-25 10:27:17.000";
             :ShortName = "VNP46A1":
             :PGEVersion = "1.0.8";
             :PGE EndTime = "2013-07-19 23:59:59.000000Z";
             :HorizontalTileNumber = "10";
             :identifier_product_doi_authority = "http://dx.doi.org";
              :PGE Name = "PGE554";
             :ProcessVersion = "001";
             :EndTime = "2013-07-19 23:59:59" :
             :VerticalTileNumber = "04";
"/MODAPSops4/archive/f7066/running/VNP LP L5lm7/1694463630/NPP VMAES L1.A2013200.0536.001.2016356233722.hdf,/MODAPSops4/archiv
e/f7066/running/VNP LP L5Im7/1694463630/NPP VMAES L1.A2013200.0718.001.2016357002057.hdf,/MODAPSops4/archive/f7066/running/VNP
LP L5lm7/1694463630/NPP VMAES L1.A2013200.0854.001.2016357005444.hdf,/MODAPSops4/archive/f7066/running/VNP LP L5lm7/1694463630
/VNP35 L2.A2013200.0536.001.2016357002544.hdf,/MODAPSops4/archive/f7066/running/VNP LP L5lm7/1694463630/VNP35 L2.A2013200.0718.0
APSops4/archive/f7066/running/VNP_LP_L5lm7/1694463630/NPP_VDNES_L1.A2013200.0536.001.2016356233722.hdf,/MODAPSops4/archive/f7066/
running/VNP_LP_L5lm7/1694463630/NPP_VDNES_L1.A2013200.0718.001.2016357002057.hdf,/MODAPSops4/archive/f7066/running/VNP_LP_L5lm
7/1694463630/NPP VDNES L1.A2013200.0854.001.2016357005444.hdf";
              :LongName = "VIIRS/NPP Daily Gridded Day Night Band Linear Lat Lon Grid Night";
             :AlgorithmType = "OPS" :
             :StartTime = "2013-07-19 00:00:00";
             :InstrumentShortname = "VIIRS" :
             :identifier_product_doi = "10.5067/VIIRS/VNP46A1.001";
             :SatelliteInstrument = "NPP_OPS";
:LocalGranuleID = "VNP46A1.A2013200.h10v04.001.2019115102717.h5";
             :TileID = "61010004";
             :ProcessingEnvironment = "Linux minion7066 3.10.0-957.5.1.el7.x86 64 #1 SMP Fri Feb 1 14:54:57 UTC 2019 x86 64 x86 64 x86 64
GNU/Linux";
             :NumberofInputGranules = "3";
             :PGE_StartTime = "2013-07-19 00:00:00.000";
group: HDFEOS {
 group: ADDITIONAL {
   group: FILE ATTRIBUTES {
    } // group FILE ATTRIBUTES
   } // group ADDITIONAL
 group: GRIDS {
   group: VNP_Grid_DNB {
    // group attributes:
             InputPointer CM =
"NPP_CMN.data.h10v04.A2013200.0536.hdf:NPP_CMN.data.h10v04.A2013200.0718.hdf:NPP_CMN.data.h10v04.A2013200.0854.hdf";
              :InputPointer L2G DNB =
"NPP DNBN.data.h10v04.A2013200.0536.hdf:NPP DNBN.data.h10v04.A2013200.0718.hdf:NPP DNBN.data.h10v04.A2013200.0854.hdf";
: InputPointer \ L2G\_Ang = \\ "NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.A2013200.0536.hdf: NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.A2013200.0718.hdf: NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.A2013200.0854.hdf"; \\ : NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.A2013200.0536.hdf: NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.A2013200.0718.hdf: NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.A2013200.0854.hdf"; \\ : NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.hdf"; \\ : NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.hdf"; \\ : NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.hdf"; \\ : NPP\_DNBN.angles.h10v04.hdf"; \\ : NPP\_D
             :InputPointer L2G PNTR =
"NPP_PTDN.h10v04.A2013200.0536.hdf:NPP_PTDN.h10v04.A2013200.0718.hdf:NPP_PTDN.h10v04.A2013200.0854.hdf";
             :InputPointer DNB =
"/MODAPSops4/archive/f7066/running/VNP LP L5lm7/1694463630/NPP VDNES L1.A2013200.0536.001.2016356233722.hdf:/MODAPSops4/archiv
e/f7066/running/VNP LP L5lm7/1694463630/NPP VDNES L1.A2013200.0718.001.2016357002057.hdf:/MODAPSops4/archive/f7066/running/VNP
LP L5lm7/1694463630/NPP VDNES L1.A2013200.0854.001.2016357005444.hdf";
             :InputPointer_Mod =
"NPP_MOD.data.h10v04.A2013200.0536.hdf:NPP_MOD.data.h10v04.A2013200.0718.hdf:NPP_MOD.data.h10v04.A2013200.0854.hdf";
             :useCM = "No";
             :CMfill = "No";
             :RangeBeginningDate = "2013-07-19";
             :RangeBeginningTime = "00:00:00";
             :RangeEndingDate = "2013-07-19";
:RangeEndingTime = "23:59:59";
             :NorthBoundingCoord = 50.;
              :SouthBoundingCoord = 40.;
```

```
:EastBoundingCoord = -70.;
         :WestBoundingCoord = -80.;
         :TileID = 610\bar{10}004;
         :TileMode = "Night";
         :HorizontalTileNumber = 10;
         :VerticalTileNumber = 4:
         :NumberofInputGranules = 3;
         :PGE_Name = "PGE554";
:PGEVersion = "1.0.8";
         :SatelliteInstrument = "NPP OPS";
         :ReprocessingPlanned = "metadata field";
         :ReprocessingActual = "metadata field";
         :ProcessingEnvironment = "Linux minion7066 3.10.0-957.5.1.el7.x86 64 #1 SMP Fri Feb 1 14:54:57 UTC 2019 x86 64 x86 64 x86 64
GNU/Linux";
         :ScienceQualityFlagExplanation = "unknown";
   group: Data\ Fields {
    dimensions:
        phony_dim_0 = 2400;
    variables:
         ushort BrightnessTemperature M12(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             BrightnessTemperature_M12:valid_min = 0;
             BrightnessTemperature_M12:valid_max = 65534;
             BrightnessTemperature M12: FillValue = 65535US;
             BrightnessTemperature_M12:long_name = "Brightness Temperature of band M12";
             BrightnessTemperature_M12:units = "Kelvins"
             BrightnessTemperature_M12:scale_factor = 0.0025f;
             BrightnessTemperature M12:add offset = 203.f;
         ushort BrightnessTemperature_M13(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             BrightnessTemperature_M13:valid_min = 0;
              BrightnessTemperature_M13:valid_max = 65534;
             BrightnessTemperature_M13: FillValue = 65535US;
BrightnessTemperature_M13:long_name = "Brightness Temperature of band M13";
             BrightnessTemperature_M13:units = "Kelvins";
             BrightnessTemperature M13:scale factor = 0.0025f;
             BrightnessTemperature_M13:add_offset = 203.f;
         ushort BrightnessTemperature_M15(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
              BrightnessTemperature_M15:valid_min = \overline{0};
             BrightnessTemperature_M15:valid_max = 65534;
             BrightnessTemperature_M15:_FillValue = 65535US;
             BrightnessTemperature_M15:long_name = "Brightness Temperature of band M15";
              BrightnessTemperature_M15:units = "Kelvins";
              BrightnessTemperature M15:scale factor = 0.0041f;
             BrightnessTemperature M15:add offset = 111.f;
         ushort BrightnessTemperature_M16(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
              BrightnessTemperature M16:valid min = 0;
             BrightnessTemperature M16:valid max = 65534;
             BrightnessTemperature_M16:_FillValue = 65535US;
             BrightnessTemperature_M16:long_name = "Brightness Temperature of band M16";
             BrightnessTemperature M16:units = "Kelvins"
             BrightnessTemperature\_M16: scale\_factor = 0.0043f~;
             BrightnessTemperature_M16:add_offset = 103.f;
         ushort DNB At Sensor Radiance 500m(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
              DNB At Sensor Radiance 500m:valid min = 0;
             DNB At Sensor Radiance 500m:valid max = 65534;
             DNB_At_Sensor_Radiance_500m:long_name = "DNB at Sensor Radiance";
             DNB_At_Sensor_Radiance_500m:_FillValue = 65535US;
             DNB At Sensor Radiance 500m:units = "nW/(cm2 sr)";
             DNB_At_Sensor_Radiance_500m:scale_factor = 0.1f;
             DNB At Sensor Radiance 500m:add offset = 0.f;
         short Glint_Angle(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             Glint Angle:valid min = -18000;
             Glint_Angle:valid max = 18000;
             Glint_Angle: FillValue = -32768s;
             Glint Angle:long name = "Glint Angle";
             Glint Angle:units = "degrees"
             Glint_Angle:scale_factor = 0.01f;
             Glint_Angle:add_offset = 0.f;
         ubyte Granule(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             Granule:valid_min = \overline{0};
             Granule:valid_max = 254
             Granule:_FillValue = 255UB;
             Granule: long name = "Number of selected Granule";
             Granule:units = "none":
```

Granule:scale\_factor = 1.f;

```
Granule:add offset = 0.f;
         short Lunar Azimuth(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             Lunar_Azimuth:valid_min = -18000;
             Lunar Azimuth:valid max = 18000;
             Lunar Azimuth: FillValue = -32768s;
             Lunar_Azimuth:long_name = "Lunar Azimuth Angle";
             Lunar Azimuth:units = "degrees"
             Lunar_Azimuth:scale_factor = 0.01f;
             Lunar Azimuth:add offset = 0.f;
         short Lunar_Zenith(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             Lunar Zenith:valid min = 0;
             Lunar_Zenith:valid_max = 18000;
             Lunar Zenith: FillValue = -32768s;
             Lunar_Zenith:long_name = "Lunar Zenith Angle";
             Lunar_Zenith:units = "degrees"
             Lunar Zenith:scale factor = 0.01f;
             Lunar Zenith:add offset = 0.f;
         short Moon_Illumination_Fraction(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             Moon_Illumination_Fraction:valid_min = 0;
             Moon Illumination Fraction:valid max = 10000;
             Moon Illumination Fraction: FillValue = -32768s;
             Moon_Illumination_Fraction:long_name = "Moon Illumination Fraction";
             Moon Illumination Fraction:units = "percentage";
             Moon Illumination Fraction:scale factor = 0.01f;
             Moon Illumination Fraction; add offset = 0.f;
         short Moon_Phase_Angle(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             Moon_Phase_Angle:valid_min = 0;
             Moon Phase Angle:valid max = 18000;
             Moon_Phase_Angle:_FillValue = -32768s;
             Moon_Phase_Angle:long_name = "Moon Phase Angle";
             Moon_Phase_Angle:units = "degrees" :
             Moon_Phase_Angle:scale_factor = 0.01f;
             Moon_Phase_Angle:add_offset = 0.f;
         ushort QF_Cloud_Mask(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             QF Cloud Mask:valid min = 0;
             OF Cloud Mask:valid max = 65534:
             QF Cloud Mask: FillValue = 65535US;
             QF_Cloud_Mask:long_name = "Cloud Mask Status";
             QF Cloud Mask:units = "class flags";
             QF Cloud Mask:flag meanings = "bit 0: 0=Night, 1=Day\n bits 1-3: Land/Water 000=Land & Desert, 001=Land & no Desert, 010=Inland
Water, 011=Sea Water, 101=Coastal\n bits 4-5: Cloud Mask Quality 00=Poor, 01=Low, 10=Medium, 11=High\n bits 6-7: Cloud Confidence 00=Confidence
Clear, 01=Probably Clear, 10=Probably Cloudy, 11=Confident Cloudy\n bit 8: Shadow Detected 1=Yes, 0=No\n bit 9: Cirrus Detection (IR) 1=Cloud,
0=No Cloud\n bit 10: Snow/Ice 1=Snow/Ice, 0=No Snow/Ice\n";
         ushort QF DNB(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             QF_DNB:valid_min = 0;
             QF DNB:valid max = 65534;
             QF DNB: FillValue = 65535US;
             QF_DNB:long_name = "DNB QF";
             QF_DNB:units = "class flags";
         ushort QF VIIRS M10(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             QF_VIIRS_M10:valid_min = 0;
QF_VIIRS_M10:valid_max = 65534;
             QF VIIRS M10: FillValue = 65535US;
             QF VIIRS M10:long name = "Quality Flag of Band M10";
             OF VIIRS M10:units = "class flags":
         ushort QF_VIIRS_M11(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             QF_VIIRS_M11:valid_min = 0;
             QF VIIRS M11:valid max = 65534;
             QF VIIRS M11: FillValue = 65535US;
             QF_VIIRS_M11:long_name = "Quality Flag of Band M11";
             QF_VIIRS_M11:units = "class flags";
         ushort QF VIIRS M12(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             QF_{VIIRS_{min}} = 0;
             QF_VIIRS_M12:valid_max = 65534;
             QF VIIRS M12: FillValue = 65535US;
             QF_VIIRS_M12:long_name = "Quality Flag of Band M12";
             QF VIIRS M12:units = "class flags";
         ushort QF_VIIRS_M13(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             QF VIIRS \overline{M}13:valid \overline{min} = \overline{0};
             QF_VIIRS_M13:valid_max = 65534;
             QF_VIIRS_M13:_FillValue = 65535US;
             QF_VIIRS_M13:long_name = "Quality Flag of Band M13";
             QF VIIRS M13:units = "class flags";
         ushort QF VIIRS_M15(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             QF_VIIRS_M15:valid_min = 0;
```

```
QF VIIRS M15:valid max = 65534;
             QF VIIRS M15: FillValue = 65535US;
             QF_VIIRS_M15:long_name = "Quality Flag of Band M15";
             QF_VIIRS_M15:units = "class flags";
         ushort QF VIIRS M16(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             QF VIIRS \overline{M}16:valid \overline{min} = \overline{0};
             QF_VIIRS_M16:valid_max = 65534;
             QF_VIIRS_M16:_FillValue = 65535US;
             QF VIIRS M16:long name = "Quality Flag of Band M16";
             QF_VIIRS_M16:units = "class flags";
         ushort Radiance_M10(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
              Radiance_M10:valid_min = 0;
              Radiance M10:valid max = 65534;
             Radiance M10: FillValue = 65535US;
             Radiance_M10:long_name = "Band M10 Radiance";
             Radiance M10:units = "W/(m2 micron sr)";
             Radiance_M10:scale_factor = 0.0013f;
             Radiance_M10:add_offset = -0.04f;
         ushort Radiance_M11(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             Radiance M11:valid min = 0;
             Radiance_M11:valid_max = 65534;
             Radiance_M11:_FillValue = 65535US;
             Radiance_M11:long_name = "Band M11 Radiance";
             Radiance M11:units = "W/(m2 micron sr)";
             Radiance M11:scale factor = 0.00058f:
             Radiance_M11:add_offset = -0.02f;
         short Sensor_Azimuth(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             Sensor Azimuth:valid min = -18000;
             Sensor_Azimuth:valid max = 18000;
             Sensor Azimuth: FillValue = -32768s;
             Sensor_Azimuth:long_name = "Sensor Azimuth Angle";
             Sensor Azimuth:units = "degrees";
             Sensor_Azimuth:scale_factor = 0.01f;
             Sensor_Azimuth:add_offset = 0.f;
         short Sensor Zenith(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             Sensor_Zenith:valid min = -9000;
             Sensor_Zenith:valid_max = 9000;
             Sensor_Zenith:_FillValue = -32768s;
             Sensor Zenith: long name = "Sensor Zenith Angle";
             Sensor Zenith:units = "degrees";
             Sensor_Zenith:scale_factor = 0.01f;
             Sensor_Zenith:add_offset = 0.f;
         short Solar Azimuth(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
             Solar Azimuth:valid min = -18000;
             Solar_Azimuth:valid_max = 18000;
              Solar Azimuth: FillValue = -32768s;
             Solar_Azimuth:long_name = "Solar Azimuth Angle";
             Solar Azimuth:units = "degrees";
             Solar_Azimuth:scale_factor = 0.01f;
             Solar Azimuth:add offset = 0.f;
         short Solar_Zenith(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
             Solar_Zenith:valid_min = 0;
             Solar_Zenith:valid_max = 18000;
              Solar Zenith: FillValue = -32768s;
             Solar_Zenith:long_name = "Solar Zenith Angle";
             Solar_Zenith:units = "degrees";
             Solar_Zenith:scale_factor = 0.01f;
             Solar_Zenith:add_offset = 0.f;
         float UTC_Time(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
UTC_Time:valid_min = 0;
             UTC_Time:valid_max = 24;
             UTC_Time: FillValue = -999.9f;
UTC_Time:long_name = "View Time (UTC)";
             UTC_Time:units = "decimal hours";
             UTC_Time:scale_factor = 1.f;
UTC_Time:add_offset = 0.f;
    } // group Data\ Fields
   } // group VNP_Grid_DNB
  } // group GRIDS
 } // group HDFEOS
group: HDFEOS\ INFORMATION {
 variables:
    string StructMetadata.0;
```

```
// group attributes:
:HDFEOSVersion = "HDFEOS_5.1.15" ;
} // group HDFEOS\ INFORMATION
```

### Appendix B: Metadata (Attributes) in VNP46A2 Product

```
netcdf VNP46A2.A2013200.h34v13.001.2020155060713.h5 {
// global attributes:
                           :SatelliteInstrument = "NPP OPS";
                           :DayNightFlag = "" ; 
:PGENumber = "555" ; 
:LongName = "VIIRS/NPP Gap-Filled Lunar BRDF-Adjusted Nighttime Lights Daily L3 Global Linear Lat Lon Grid" ;
                           :RangeBeginningTime = "00:00:00:00.000";
:NorthBoundingCoord = -40.f;
                          :NorthBoundingCoota - - - - - - ;

:VersionID = "001";

:RangeEndingDate = "2013-07-19";

:PGE_StartTime = "2013-07-19 00:00:00.000";
                           :StartTime = "2013-07-19 00:00:00.000";
                           :LocalGranuleID = "VNP46A2.A2013200.h34v13.001.2020155060713.h5"; :ProductionTime = "2020-06-03 06:07:13.000";
                          :GRingPointLongitude = 160., 160., 170., 170.;
:PlatformShortName = "NPP";
:identifier_product_doi_authority = "http://dx.doi.org";
                           :EndTime = "2013-07-19 23:59:59.000";
                           :VerticalTileNumber = "13";
                           :PGE Name = "PGE555";
                           :InputPointer =
"VNPLG09GA.A2013200.h34v13.001.2020154195322.h5,VNPLG43DNBA1.A2013200.h34v13.001.2020155040500.h5,MCD12Q1.A2013001.Global.0
05.T1.Geo.h34v13.bin, MCD12Q1.A2013001.Global.005.T3.Geo.h34v13.bin, VNP46A1.A2013200.h34v13.001.2019115103737.h5, VNP04LGA.A2013200.h34v13.bin, MCD12Q1.A2013001.Global.005.T3.Geo.h34v13.bin, NPA6A1.A2013200.h34v13.bin, MCD12Q1.A2013001.Global.005.T3.Geo.h34v13.bin, NPA6A1.A2013200.h34v13.bin, MCD12Q1.A2013001.Global.005.T3.Geo.h34v13.bin, NPA6A1.A2013200.h34v13.bin, MCD12Q1.A2013001.Global.005.T3.Geo.h34v13.bin, NPA6A1.A2013200.h34v13.bin, NPA
0.h34v13.001.2020155060525.hdf";
                           :RangeBeginningDate = "2013-07-19";
                           :SensorShortname = "VIIRS";
                           :ProcessingEnvironment = "Linux minion7414 3.10.0-1062.12.1.el7.x86_64 #1 SMP Tue Feb 4 23:02:59 UTC 2020 x86_64 x
GNU/Linux";
                          :TileID = "61034013";
:GRingPointLatitude = -50., -40., -40., -50.;
:AlgorithmType = "SCI";
                           :PGE EndTime = "2013-07-19 23:59:59.000";
                           :SouthBoundingCoord = -50.f;
                           :LSIPS_AlgorithmVersion = "NPP_PR46A2 1.0.3";
                           :GranuleDayNightFlag = "";
                           :DataResolution = "Moderate"
                           :ProcessingCenter = "LandSIPS";
                           :HorizontalTileNumber = "34";
                           :PGEVersion = "1.0.6";
                           :ShortName = "VNP46A2";
                           :EastBoundingCoord = 170.f;
                           :WestBoundingCoord = 160.f;
                           :identifier product doi = "10.5067/VIIRS/VNP46A2.001";
                           :RangeEndingTime = "23:59:59.000";
group: HDFEOS {
   group: ADDITIONAL {
      group: FILE_ATTRIBUTES {
          } // group FILE_ATTRIBUTES
      } // group ADDITIONAL
   group: GRIDS {
      group: VNP_Grid_DNB {
group: Data\ Fields {
             dimensions:
                           phony dim 0 = 2400;
             variables:
                           ushort DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
                                         DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL:_FillValue = 65535US;
                                        DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL:long_name = "BRDF Corrected DNB Radiance";
                                        DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr) \n";
DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL:valid_range = "0-65534 \n";
                                        DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL:offset = 0.;
                                        DNB\_BRDF\text{-}Corrected\_NTL\text{:}scale\_factor = 0.1 ;
```

```
ushort DNB Lunar Irradiance(phony dim 0, phony dim 0);
              DNB Lunar Irradiance: FillValue = 65535US:
              DNB_Lunar_Irradiance:long_name = "Lunar Irradiance";
              DNB Lunar Irradiance:units = "nWatts/cm^2 \n";
              DNB Lunar Irradiance:valid range = "0-65534 \n";
              DNB Lunar Irradiance:offset = 0.:
              DNB Lunar Irradiance:scale factor = 0.1;
         ushort Gap_Filled_DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
              Gap Filled DNB BRDF-Corrected NTL: FillValue = 65535US;
              Gap_Filled_DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL:long_name = "Gap Filled BRDF Corrected DNB Radiance";
Gap_Filled_DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr) \n";
              Gap_Filled_DNB_BRDF-Corrected_NTL:valid_range = "0-65534 \n";
              Gap Filled DNB BRDF-Corrected NTL:offset = 0.;
              Gap Filled DNB BRDF-Corrected NTL:scale factor = 0.1;
         ubyte Latest_High_Quality_Retrieval(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
              Latest High Quality Retrieval: FillValue = 255UB;
              Latest_High_Quality_Retrieval:long_name = "The Latest High Quality BRDF Corrected DNB Radiance Retrieval";
              Latest_High_Quality_Retrieval:units = "Number of Days \n";
              Latest_High_Quality_Retrieval:valid_range = "0 - 254 \n";
              Latest High Quality Retrieval:scale factor = 1.;
              Latest_High_Quality_Retrieval:offset = 0.;
         ubyte Mandatory_Quality_Flag(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
              Mandatory_Quality_Flag:_FillValue = 255UB;
              Mandatory Quality Flag:long name = "Mandatory Quality Flag of BRDF Corrected DNB Radiance";
              Mandatory_Quality Flag:units = "Unitless \n";
              Mandatory_Quality_Flag:valid_range = "0 - 3 \n";
Mandatory_Quality_Flag:valid_range = "0 - 3 \n";
Mandatory_Quality_Flag:Description = "00\tHigh-Quality\tMain Algorithm (Persistent Nighttime Lights)\n01\tHigh-Quality\tMain
Algorithm (Ephemeral Nighttime Lights)\n02\tPoor-Quality\tMain Algorithm (Outlier, Potential cloud contamination or other issues)\n255\tNo
Retrieval\tFill Value \n":
         ushort\ QF\_Cloud\_Mask(phony\_dim\_0,\ phony\_dim\_0)\ ;
              QF_Cloud_Mask:_FillValue = 65535US;
              QF_Cloud_Mask:long_name = "Cloud Mask Status";
              QF Cloud Mask:units = "Unitless \n";
              QF_Cloud_Mask:valid_range = "0 - 65534 \n";
              QF Cloud Mask:Description = "bit Flag description key: \n0\t Day/Night \n
                                                                                                0=Night 1=Day \n1-3\t Land/Water Background
\n\t\t000=Land & Desert \n\t\t001=Land no Desert \n\t\t010=Inland Water \n\t\t011=Sea Water \n\t\t101=Coastal \n4-5\t Cloud Mask Quality
\n\t\t00=Poor\n\t\t01=Low\n\t\t10=Medium\n\t\t11=High\n6-7\t Cloud Detection Results & Confidence Indicator\n\t\t00=Confident Clear
\n\t\t0=\Probably Clear \n\t\t10=\Probably Cloudy \n\t\t1\frac{1}{1}=\Confident Cloudy \n8\t Shadow Detected \n\t\t1=\Yes 0=\No \n9\t Cirrus Detection (IR)
(BTM15-BTM16) \n\t\t1=Cloud 0=No Cloud \n10 Snow/Ice \n
                                                                      1=Snow/Ice, 0=No Snow/Ice \n";
         ubyte Snow_Flag(phony_dim_0, phony_dim_0);
              Snow_Flag:_FillValue = 255UB;
              Snow_Flag:long_name = "Snow/Ice Status";
              Snow Flag:units = "Unitless \n";
              Snow Flag:valid range = "0 - 1 \n";
              Snow_Flag:Description = "0 = \text{No snow/ice } \setminus 1 = \text{snow/ice } \setminus n";
    } // group Data\ Fields
   } // group VNP Grid DNB
  } // group GRIDS
 } // group HDFEOS
group: HDFEOS\ INFORMATION {
 variables:
    string StructMetadata.0;
 // group attributes:
         :HDFEOSVersion = "HDFEOS_5.1.15";
 } // group HDFEOS\ INFORMATION
```

## Appendix C: Metadata (Attributes) in VNP46A3 Product

Group size = 2

Number of attributes = 34

AlgorithmType = SCI

AlgorithmVersion = NPP PR46A3 2.0.0

Conventions = CF-1.6

DataResolution = 15 arc-second

DayNightFlag = Night

EndTime = 2018-08-01 00:00:00

HorizontalTileNumber = 06

InputPointer =

VNP46A1.A2018182.h06v05.001.2019194180841.h5, VNP46A1.A2018183.h06v05.001.2019194193646 .h5,VNP46A1.A2018184.h06v05.001.2019194184433.h5,VNP46A1.A2018185.h06v05.001.2019194193 216.h5, VNP46A1.A2018186.h06v05.001.2019194192910.h5, VNP46A1.A2018187.h06v05.001.2019194 201314.h5,VNP46A1.A2018188.h06v05.001.2019194204007.h5,VNP46A1.A2018189.h06v05.001.2019 194205610.h5,VNP46A1.A2018190.h06v05.001.2019194210836.h5,VNP46A1.A2018191.h06v05.001.2 019194214016.h5,VNP46A1.A2018192.h06v05.001.2019194215926.h5,VNP46A1.A2018193.h06v05.0 01.2019194225222.h5,VNP46A1.A2018194.h06v05.001.2019194225425.h5,VNP46A1.A2018195.h06v 05.001.2019194231815.h5, VNP46A1.A2018196.h06v05.001.2019194232434.h5, VNP46A1.A2018197.h 06v05.001.2019194234549.h5,VNP46A1.A2018198.h06v05.001.2019195000500.h5,VNP46A1.A20181 99.h06v05.001.2019195005010.h5, VNP46A1.A2018200.h06v05.001.2019195005953.h5, VNP46A1.A20 18201.h06v05.001.2019195022017.h5,VNP46A1.A2018202.h06v05.001.2019195013145.h5,VNP46A1. A2018203.h06v05.001.2019195015640.h5,VNP46A1.A2018204.h06v05.001.2019195023109.h5,VNP46 A1.A2018205.h06v05.001.2019196140441.h5,VNP46A1.A2018206.h06v05.001.2019196163318.h5,VN P46A1.A2018207.h06v05.001.2019196171208.h5,VNP46A1.A2018208.h06v05.001.2019196171354.h5, VNP46A1.A2018209.h06v05.001.2019196172238.h5, VNP46A1.A2018210.h06v05.001.2019196181758 .h5,VNP46A1.A2018211.h06v05.001.2019196185014.h5,VNP46A1.A2018212.h06v05.001.2019196185 126.h5, VNP46A2.A2018182.h06v05.001.2020343155445.h5, VNP46A2.A2018183.h06v05.001.2020343 164259.h5,VNP46A2.A2018184.h06v05.001.2020343172948.h5,VNP46A2.A2018185.h06v05.001.2020 343181842.h5,VNP46A2.A2018186.h06v05.001.2020343190314.h5,VNP46A2.A2018187.h06v05.001.2 020343194858.h5,VNP46A2.A2018188.h06v05.001.2020343204138.h5,VNP46A2.A2018189.h06v05.0 01.2020343212856.h5,VNP46A2.A2018190.h06v05.001.2020343222642.h5,VNP46A2.A2018191.h06v 05.001.2020343231735.h5, VNP46A2.A2018192.h06v05.001.2020343235424.h5, VNP46A2.A2018193.h 95.h06v05.001.2020344013818.h5,VNP46A2.A2018196.h06v05.001.2020344021310.h5,VNP46A2.A20 18197.h06v05.001.2020344024631.h5,VNP46A2.A2018198.h06v05.001.2020344031936.h5,VNP46A2. A2018199.h06v05.001.2020344035615.h5,VNP46A2.A2018200.h06v05.001.2020344043242.h5,VNP46 A2.A2018201.h06v05.001.2020344050922.h5,VNP46A2.A2018202.h06v05.001.2020344054229.h5,VN P46A2.A2018203.h06v05.001.2020344061554.h5, VNP46A2.A2018204.h06v05.001.2020344064733.h5, VNP46A2.A2018205.h06v05.001.2020344072948.h5, VNP46A2.A2018206.h06v05.001.2020344080837 .h5,VNP46A2.A2018207.h06v05.001.2020344091604.h5,VNP46A2.A2018208.h06v05.001.2020344101 454.h5, VNP46A2.A2018209.h06v05.001.2020344105623.h5, VNP46A2.A2018210.h06v05.001.2020344 120527.h5,VNP46A2.A2018211.h06v05.001.2020344134430.h5,VNP46A2.A2018212.h06v05.001.2020 344152335.h5

LocalGranuleID = VNP46A3.A2018182.h06v05.002.2021056211943.h5

LongName = VIIRS/NPP Lunar BRDF-Adjusted Nighttime Lights Monthly L3 Global 15 arcsecond Linear Lat Lon Grid

NumberofInputGranules = 31

PGENumber = 556

PGEVersion = 2.0.0

```
PGE EndTime = 2018-08-01 00:00:00.000
    PGE Name = PGE556
    PGE StartTime = 2018-07-01 00:00:00.000
    PlatformShortName = SUOMI-NPP
    ProcessVersion = 002
    ProcessingCenter = LandSIPS
    ProcessingEnvironment = Linux minion7092 3.10.0-1127.18.2.el7.x86 64 #1 SMP Sun Jul 26
15:27:06 UTC 2020 x86 64 x86 64 x86 64 GNU/Linux
    ProductionTime = 2021-02-25 21:19:43.000
    RangeBeginningDate = 2018-07-01
    RangeBeginningTime = 00:00:00.000000
    RangeEndingDate = 2018-07-31
    RangeEndingTime = 23:59:00.000000
    SatelliteInstrument = NPP OPS
    SensorShortname = VIIRS
    ShortName = VNP46A3
    StartTime = 2018-07-01 00:00:00
    TileID = 61006005
    VersionID = 002
    VerticalTileNumber = 05
    identifier product doi = 10.5067/VIIRS/VNP46A3.002
    identifier product doi authority = https://doi.org
variables:
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Covered(fakeDim0, fakeDim1);
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered: FillValue = -1s;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using All
Observations During Snow-covered Period";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:scale factor = 0.1;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:offset = 0.;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num(fakeDim2, fakeDim3);
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num: FillValue = -1s;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:long name = "Number of Observations of
Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:units = "number of observations";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:valid range = 0s, -2s:
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:scale factor = 1.;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:offset = 0.;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality(fakeDim4, fakeDim5);
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality: FillValue = '\377';
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:scale factor = 1.;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:offset = 0.;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
```

```
"\t 1 = \text{Poor quality} \cdot \text{n}".
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{ n}",
  "\t";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std(fakeDim6, fakeDim7);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std: FillValue = -1s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:scale factor = 0.1;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Free(fakeDim8, fakeDim9):
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free: FillValue = -1s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using All
Observations During Snow-free Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:scale factor = 0.1;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num(fakeDim10, fakeDim11);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num: FillValue = -1s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:long name = "Number of Observations of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:units = "number of observations":
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:scale factor = 1.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality(fakeDim12, fakeDim13);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality: FillValue = '\377';
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance
Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:scale factor = 1.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality: Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality \n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{ n}",
  "\t":
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std(fakeDim14. fakeDim15):
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std: FillValue = -1s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period";
```

```
AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:scale factor = 0.1;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte DNB Platform(fakeDim16, fakeDim17);
         DNB Platform: FillValue = '\377';
         DNB Platform:long name = "Platform";
         DNB Platform:units = "platform, no units";
         DNB Platform:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         DNB Platform:scale factor = 1.;
         DNB Platform:offset = 0.;
         DNB Platform:Description = "Platform:\n",
  "\t 0 = \text{Suomi-NPP} \setminus n",
  "\t 1 = NOAA-20 \n",
  "\t 2 = Suomi-NPP and NOAA-20 combined \n",
  "\t";
         DNB Platform:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte Land Water Mask(fakeDim18, fakeDim19);
         Land Water Mask: FillValue = '\377';
         Land Water Mask:long name = "Land Water Mask";
         Land Water Mask:units = "land water mask, no units";
         Land Water Mask:valid range = 10', 376';
         Land Water Mask:scale factor = 1.;
         Land Water Mask:offset = 0.;
         Land Water Mask:Description = "Land/Water:\n",
  "\t 0 = \text{Land \& Desert } \n",
  "\t 1 = \text{Land no Desert } \n".
  "\t 2 = \text{Inland Water } \n".
  "\t 3 = \text{Sea Water } \n",
  "\t 5 = \text{Coastal } n",
  "\t";
         Land Water Mask:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Covered(fakeDim20, fakeDim21):
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered: FillValue = -1s;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using
Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-covered Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)":
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:scale factor = 0.1;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:offset = 0.;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num(fakeDim22, fakeDim23);
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num: FillValue = -1s;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:long name = "Number of Observations of
Temporal Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During
Snow-covered Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:units = "number of observations";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:scale factor = 1.;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:offset = 0.;
```

```
NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality(fakeDim24, fakeDim25);
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality: FillValue = \\377';
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-
covered Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:scale factor = 1.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:offset = 0.;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality\n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{n}".
  "\t";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std(fakeDim26, fakeDim27);
        NearNadir_Composite Snow Covered Std: FillValue = -1s:
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-
covered Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:scale factor = 0.1;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Free(fakeDim28, fakeDim29);
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free: FillValue = -1s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using Nadir
Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-free Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free:units = "nWatts/(cm<sup>2</sup> sr)";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:scale factor = 0.1;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num(fakeDim30, fakeDim31);
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num: FillValue = -1s:
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:long name = "Number of Observations of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-
free Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:units = "number of observations";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:scale factor = 1.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:offset = 0.;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality(fakeDim32, fakeDim33);
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality: FillValue = '\377';
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance
Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-free Period"
```

```
NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:valid range = '\0', \'376';
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:scale factor = 1.;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:offset = 0.;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality \n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{n}",
  "\t";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std(fakeDim34, fakeDim35);
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std: FillValue = -1s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-
free Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:scale factor = 0.1;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Covered(fakeDim36, fakeDim37);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered: FillValue = -1s;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using Off
Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During Snow-covered Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:scale factor = 0.1:
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num(fakeDim38, fakeDim39);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:long name = "Number of Observations of
Temporal Radiance Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree)
During Snow-covered Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:units = "number of observations";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:scale factor = 1.:
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality(fakeDim40, fakeDim41);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality: FillValue = '\377';
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During
Snow-covered Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:scale factor = 1.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
```

```
"\t 1 = \text{Poor quality} \cdot \text{n}".
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{ n}",
  "\t";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std(fakeDim42, fakeDim43);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During
Snow-covered Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:scale factor = 0.1;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude":
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Free(fakeDim44, fakeDim45);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free:long_name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using Off
Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During Snow-free Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free:scale factor = 0.1;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num(fakeDim46, fakeDim47);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:long name = "Number of Observations of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During
Snow-free Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:units = "number of observations";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:scale factor = 1.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality(fakeDim48, fakeDim49);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality: FillValue = '\377';
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance"
Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During Snow-free
Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:scale factor = 1.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality\n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{ n}",
  "\t";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std(fakeDim50, fakeDim51);
```

```
OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance
Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During Snow-free
Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:scale factor = 0.1;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    double lat(fakeDim52);
         lat:long name = "latitude";
         lat:units = "degrees north";
         lat: CoordinateAxisType = "Lat";
    double lon(fakeDim53):
         lon:long name = "longitude";
         lon:units = "degrees east";
         lon: CoordinateAxisType = "Lon" ;
```

### Appendix D: Metadata (Attributes) in VNP46A4 Product

```
Group size = 2
Number of attributes = 34
AlgorithmType = SCI
AlgorithmVersion = NPP_PR46A3 2.0.0
Conventions = CF-1.6
DataResolution = 15 arc-second
DayNightFlag = Night
EndTime = 2019-01-01 00:00:00
HorizontalTileNumber = 06
InputPointer =
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18357.h06v05.001.2020355072007.h5.VNP46A2.A2018358.h06v05.001.2020355075950.h5.VNP46A2.
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P46A2.A2018363.h06v05.001.2020355113341.h5,VNP46A2.A2018364.h06v05.001.2020355122045.h5,
VNP46A2.A2018365.h06v05.001.2020355130531.h5
    LocalGranuleID = VNP46A4.A2018001.h06v05.002.2021056214106.h5
    LongName = VIIRS/NPP Lunar BRDF-Adjusted Nighttime Lights Yearly L3 Global 15 arc-second
Linear Lat Lon Grid
    NumberofInputGranules = 365
    PGENumber = 557
    PGEVersion = 2.0.0
    PGE EndTime = 2019-01-01 00:00:00.000
    PGE Name = PGE557
    PGE StartTime = 2018-01-01 00:00:00.000
    PlatformShortName = SUOMI-NPP
    ProcessVersion = 002
    ProcessingCenter = LandSIPS
    ProcessingEnvironment = Linux minion7013 3.10.0-1160.11.1.el7.x86_64 #1 SMP Fri Dec 18
16:34:56 UTC 2020 x86 64 x86 64 x86 64 GNU/Linux
    ProductionTime = 2021-02-25 21:41:06.000
    RangeBeginningDate = 2018-01-01
    RangeBeginningTime = 00:00:00.000000
    RangeEndingDate = 2018-12-31
    RangeEndingTime = 23:59:00.000000
    SatelliteInstrument = NPP OPS
    SensorShortname = VIIRS
    ShortName = VNP46A4
    StartTime = 2018-01-01 00:00:00
    TileID = 61006005
    VersionID = 002
    VerticalTileNumber = 05
    identifier product doi = 10.5067/VIIRS/VNP46A4.002
    identifier product doi authority = https://doi.org
variables:
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Covered(fakeDim0, fakeDim1);
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered: FillValue = -1s;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using All
Observations During Snow-covered Period";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:scale factor = 0.1;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:offset = 0.;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num(fakeDim2, fakeDim3);
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num: FillValue = -1s;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:long name = "Number of Observations of
Temporal Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:units = "number of observations";
        AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
```

AllAngle\_Composite\_Snow\_Covered\_Num:scale\_factor = 1.; AllAngle\_Composite\_Snow\_Covered\_Num:offset = 0.;

```
AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality(fakeDim4, fakeDim5);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality: FillValue = '\377';
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:scale factor = 1.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality \n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \hat{F}ill \ value \ n",
  "\t":
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std(fakeDim6, fakeDim7);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std: FillValue = -1s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-covered Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:scale factor = 0.1;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Covered Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Free(fakeDim8, fakeDim9);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free: FillValue = -1s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using All
Observations During Snow-free Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:scale factor = 0.1;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Free:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num(fakeDim10, fakeDim11);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num: FillValue = -1s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:long name = "Number of Observations of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period":
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:units = "number of observations";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:scale factor = 1.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality(fakeDim12, fakeDim13);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality: FillValue = '\377';
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance
Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
        AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:scale factor = 1.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:offset = 0.;
```

```
AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality\n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{ n}",
  "\t":
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std(fakeDim14, fakeDim15);
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std: FillValue = -1s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using All Observations During Snow-free Period";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:scale factor = 0.1;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:offset = 0.;
         AllAngle Composite Snow Free Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte DNB Platform(fakeDim16, fakeDim17);
         DNB Platform: FillValue = '\377';
         DNB Platform:long name = "Platform";
         DNB Platform:units = "platform, no units";
         DNB Platform:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         DNB Platform:scale factor = 1.;
         DNB Platform:offset = 0.;
         DNB Platform: Description = "Platform:\n",
  "\t 0 = \text{Suomi-NPP} \setminus n",
  "\t 1 = NOAA-20\n",
  "\t 2 = Suomi-NPP and NOAA-20 combined \n",
  "\t":
         DNB Platform:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte Land Water Mask(fakeDim18, fakeDim19);
         Land Water Mask: FillValue = '\377';
         Land Water Mask:long name = "Land Water Mask";
         Land Water Mask:units = "land water mask, no units";
         Land Water Mask:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         Land Water Mask:scale factor = 1.;
         Land Water Mask:offset = 0.;
         Land Water Mask:Description = "Land/Water:\n",
  "\t 0 = \text{Land \& Desert } \n".
  "\t 1 = \text{Land no Desert } n",
  "\t 2 = Inland Water \n",
  "\t 3 = \text{Sea Water } \n",
  "\t 5 = \text{Coastal } n",
  "\t";
         Land Water Mask:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Covered(fakeDim20, fakeDim21);
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered: FillValue = -1s;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using
Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-covered Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:scale factor = 0.1;
```

```
NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num(fakeDim22, fakeDim23);
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num: FillValue = -1s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:long name = "Number of Observations of
Temporal Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During
Snow-covered Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:units = "number of observations";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:scale factor = 1.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality(fakeDim24, fakeDim25);
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality: FillValue = '\377';
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-
covered Period";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:scale factor = 1.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:offset = 0.;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality \n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{ n}",
  "\t";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std(fakeDim26, fakeDim27);
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std: FillValue = -1s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-
covered Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:scale factor = 0.1;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Free(fakeDim28, fakeDim29);
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free: FillValue = -1s;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using Nadir
Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-free Period";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:scale factor = 0.1;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num(fakeDim30, fakeDim31);
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num: FillValue = -1s;
```

```
NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:long name = "Number of Observations of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-
free Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:units = "number of observations";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:scale factor = 1.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality(fakeDim32, fakeDim33);
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality: FillValue = '\377';
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance
Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-free Period"
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376':
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:scale factor = 1.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:offset = 0.;
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality: Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality\n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{n}",
  "\t";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std(fakeDim34, fakeDim35);
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std: FillValue = -1s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 0-20 degree) During Snow-
free Period";
         NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:scale factor = 0.1;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:offset = 0.;
        NearNadir Composite Snow Free Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Covered(fakeDim36, fakeDim37);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using Off
Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During Snow-covered Period":
        OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:scale factor = 0.1;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num(fakeDim38, fakeDim39);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:long name = "Number of Observations of
Temporal Radiance Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree)
During Snow-covered Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:units = "number of observations";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:scale factor = 1.;
```

```
OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:offset = 0.:
        OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality(fakeDim40, fakeDim41);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality: FillValue = '\377';
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During
Snow-covered Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:scale factor = 1.;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:offset = 0.;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality \n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \".
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{n}",
  "\t";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std(fakeDim42, fakeDim43);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During
Snow-covered Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:scale factor = 0.1;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:offset = 0.;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Covered Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Free(fakeDim44, fakeDim45);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
        OffNadir Composite Snow Free:long name = "Temporal Radiance Composite Using Off
Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During Snow-free Period";
        OffNadir Composite Snow Free:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Free:scale factor = 0.1;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Free:offset = 0.;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Free:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num(fakeDim46, fakeDim47):
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num: FillValue = -1s;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:long name = "Number of Observations of Temporal
Radiance Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During
Snow-free Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:units = "number of observations";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:valid range = 0s, -2s;
        OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:scale factor = 1.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Num:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    byte OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality(fakeDim48, fakeDim49);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality: FillValue = '\377';
```

```
OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:long name = "Quality Flag of Temporal Radiance
Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During Snow-free
Period";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:units = "quality flag, no units";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:valid range = '\0', '\376';
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:scale factor = 1.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:Description = "Quality:\n",
  "\t 0 = Good quality \n",
  "\t 1 = Poor quality \n",
  "\t 2 = \text{Gap filled} \setminus n",
  "\t 255 = \text{Fill value} \text{ n}",
  "\t";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Quality:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    short OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std(fakeDim50, fakeDim51);
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std: FillValue = -1s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:long name = "Standard Deviation of Temporal Radiance
Composite Using Off Nadir Angle Observations (View Zenith Angle 40-60 degree) During Snow-free
Period":
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:units = "nWatts/(cm^2 sr)";
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:valid range = 0s, -2s;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:scale factor = 0.1;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:offset = 0.;
         OffNadir Composite Snow Free Std:coordinates = "latitude longitude";
    double lat(fakeDim52);
         lat:long name = "latitude";
         lat:units = "degrees north";
         lat: CoordinateAxisType = "Lat" :
    double lon(fakeDim53);
         lon:long name = "longitude";
         lon:units = "degrees east";
         lon: CoordinateAxisType = "Lon" ;
```